JONESBORO FIRE DEPARTMENT

STANDARD OPERATING
POLICIES AND GUIDELINES

2-1-2016
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The Standard Operating Policies and Guidelines as well as the Rules and Regulations are intended for the general guidance of the officers and members of the Jonesboro Fire Department, and not intended to cover every specific act of duty. Much must be left to the zeal and discretion of the individual. However, in areas of this document, where **shall and will** are used it is the intent of this document, that said subject is policy and not left to the discretion of the individual or officer. Efficiency rating as well as the punishments will depend upon the manner in which the officer and members conduct themselves in the performance of their duties. Strict compliance with the Standard Operating Policies and Guidelines and the Rules and Regulations and careful attention to the order of the officers will tend to retain the respect and good will of the public which the Department now enjoys.

**REVOKING PREVIOUS RULES**

From the adaptation of the Standard Operating Policies and Guidelines and Rules and Regulations, all Operating Policies, Guidelines, Rules and Regulations or orders issued or promulgated heretofore, in any manner conflicting with the Policies and Rules and Regulations herein contained, are hereby revoked, repealed and rendered inoperative and of no force.

Violations of any of the Policies, Rules and Regulations, or neglect of any of the duties prescribed herein are considered offenses. Any member found guilty shall, at the discretion of the Fire Chief or Mayor and the Civil Service Commission, be subject to reprimand, suspension, demotion or dismissal from the service or such penalties as may be determined. Appeals shall be taken as provided for in the Civil Service Statues.

Policies, Rules and Regulations governing every case cannot be made in advance, and from time to time, necessary general and special orders will be issued.

All general or special orders that may be issued hereafter relating to the discipline or duties of the members shall be recognized and considered as part of these Rules and Regulations.

**100.0 ORGANIZATION OF DEPARTMENT**

1. The work of the department is performed by four (4) divisions under the direction of the Fire Chief. The divisions are: (1) Administrative, (2) Firefighting, (3) Training, (4) Fire Prevention and Investigation.

   A. Administrative
      a. Fire Chief
      b. Assistant Chief
      c. Division Chief of Training
      d. Division Chief of Fire Prevention and Investigation
e. Battalion Chief
f. Administrative Secretary

B. Firefighting
   a. Fire Chief
   b. Assistant Chief
   c. Battalion Chief
   d. Captain
   e. Driver
   f. Firefighter

C. Training Division
   a. Division Chief
   b. Instructor

D. Fire Prevention and Investigation Division
   a. Chief Fire Marshal - Division Chief
   b. Fire Marshal

2. Department in order of rank
   A. Fire Chief – Oversees and directs the Fire Department
   B. Assistant Chief – In general charge of operations
   C. Division Chief of Training – In charge of department training
      Division Chief of Fire Prevention and Investigation – In charge of fire prevention,
      inspection and investigations
      Battalion Chief – In charge of their assigned fire stations, personnel and company
      firefighting operations while on duty
   D. Captains – In charge of their assigned fire station, personnel and company firefighting
      operations while on duty
   E. Drivers – In charge of their assigned engine, truck or rescue truck and assigned
      personnel while on duty
   F. Firefighters – Responsible to carry out the assigned tasks or tactics assigned from
      immediate or higher ranking supervisors

3. Platoon System
   A. Three (3) platoon system shall be used in the firefighting division with the city divided
      into two Battalions.
   B. The regular change of platoons shall be at 7:30 a.m. each day, at which time the roll call
      of members shall be under the direction of the Company Officer.
100.01 ADMINISTRATION

1. Each work area shall have bulletin boards for posting general orders, special orders, and memos. The purpose of the bulletin boards shall be to facilitate communications. The bulletin board shall also be used for posting items of general correspondence. No item shall be posted without the approval of the Battalion Chief, Captain, or their designated representative.

2. A manual containing the department’s official Rules and Regulations and Standard Operating Policies and Guidelines shall be provided in each station and be available online at the City of Jonesboro web site on the Fire Department page.

3. Each supervisor shall be responsible for maintaining the bulletin boards and manuals described above.

4. All general orders, specific orders, memos or general information sent electronically (email) shall be made available to all personnel and cared for in the same manner as listed above in #1-3.

101.00 DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

1. Disciplinary action is a tool to allow supervisors to deal effectively with members whose performance or conduct is unacceptable.

2. Disciplinary actions are taken to promote the efficiency of department operations. In exercising discipline, the department will give due regard to each member’s legal rights and will ensure that disciplinary actions are based on objective considerations without regard to age, color, disability, ethnicity, national origin, political affiliation, race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, or other non-merit factors.

3. Disciplinary actions may include, but not necessarily limited too; verbal warning, written reprimand, suspension, demotion or termination.

4. See applicable section of the City of Jonesboro Employee Handbook

101.01 GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE

1. A grievance is a complaint or dispute by a member relating to employment, including the following:

   A. Disciplinary actions involving dismissal, demotion or suspension resulting from formal discipline or unsatisfactory job performance, provided that dismissals are grievable.

   B. The application of personnel policies, procedures, rules and regulations.

   C. Acts of retaliation resulting from the use of the grievance procedure, participation in the grievance of another member, compliance with any federal or state law to a governmental authority, or seeking any change in law before Congress or the State Legislature.

   D. Complaints of discrimination on the basis of age, color, disability, ethnicity, national origin, political affiliation, race, gender, or sexual orientation.
2. A member who believes there is a legitimate reason to file a complaint or grievance should consult the applicable section of the Civil Service Handbook.

102.0 SICK LEAVE

1. Paid sick leave is a benefit granted to members and may be used whenever a member is unable to perform their duties due to illness or injury. Sick leave also may be used when a member has an appointment with a physician, is physically incapacitated, or is required to attend to an ill or injured immediate family member. See Employee Handbook.

2. To receive paid sick leave a member must notify their supervisor that they will be absent from work due to illness or injury prior to the beginning of the scheduled shift.

3. Any member unable to perform their duties due to illness or injury may be required to provide a doctor’s excuse.

4. Any member determined to be absent without proper authorization shall be subject to disciplinary action.

5. Members must notify their immediate supervisor when unable to report for work, whether sick leave is of a personal or family nature.

6. Members of the department, while on sick/injury leave, shall not engage themselves in any type of employment.

7. Violation of this provision is grounds for dismissal.

8. Supervisors shall monitor the use of sick/injury leave by their subordinates to prevent misuse of this benefit.

103.00 Vacations

1. Members shall consult the applicable section of the City Employee Handbook for specific details of the various types of leave approved by the City.

2. Any member determined to be absent without proper authorization shall be subject to disciplinary action.

3. No leave shall be taken until approval has been received by member’s Battalion Chief.

4. Battalion Chiefs shall have the authority to approve or disapprove all forms of leave based on a member’s leave balance and the department’s minimum staffing needs.

5. All vacation days, for shift firefighter’s, will be 24 hours for Captain, Driver and Firefighter.

6. Battalion Chiefs who are “exempt employees” may take vacation time at other than 24 hours shifts increments.

7. Vacations will be selected based on a system decided by the Chief or his designee.

8. No member will be allowed to take more vacation time than has been accrued at the time the vacation is to be taken.

9. Each member will be responsible for keeping track of the vacation time they have accrued.

10. If a member takes more vacation time than they have accrued, their pay will be docked
the appropriate amount of time and the member will be subject to disciplinary action.

11. No member will be allowed to choose more than seven (7) shifts of vacation if that member has less than 15 years of service on the initial round of picks. If a member has more than 15 years of service on January 1st of the year vacations are being selected, then they may choose up to nine (9) shifts of vacation. After everyone eligible on the vacation list has made their vacation picks, the list will then be open for members to select additional shifts within the guidelines above on a first come first serve basis, providing they will have sufficient hours available when they take them.

12. Once a member selects a vacation shift, they will only be allowed to cancel the vacation day if they suffer a long term injury or if that shift is an “open day” (less than the maximum allowed) (For the purpose of this document a long term injury is defined as an injury where the firefighter is off more than 5 consecutive shifts).

13. When a Firefighter retires, resigns or is dismissed from the JFD the vacation days that they have chosen will become available at the end of their last day of service. When those days are available an e-mail will be sent out to the shift notifying them of the available days. Anyone wishing to choose one of those days will send an e-mail with the day(s) they wish to have to the Battalion Chiefs of their respective shift within 10 days. The available day(s) will then be given on a seniority basis at the end of the 10 days providing they will have sufficient hours available when they take them.

14. When a Firefighter is transferred from one shift to another then the same procedure will be followed as outlined above in item 13.

15. When a firefighter is transferred to another shift they may keep vacation days they have already picked if they still need them.

104.00 MEDIA RELATIONS

1. Statements to the media, news releases and media campaigns must be approved by the Fire Chief or other authorized person prior to release, except as provided below.

2. An Incident Commander is authorized to provide the media with general details concerning an incident.

3. The Public Information Officer (PIO) is authorized to provide the media with general details concerning an incident and matters pertaining to department public relations.

4. On duty firefighters are authorized to provide the media with a list of incidents. This information shall be limited to dates, times and locations of incidents.

5. Information pertaining to the cause and origin of an incident may be released by the Incident Commander unless the incident has been turned over to the Fire Prevention and Investigation Division. In this case only the Chief, Assistant Chief or Fire Marshal may release details of the incident.

6. Information relating to personnel matters, department policy, department litigation or other sensitive matters shall be released only by the Fire Chief.

7. In matters where there are large scale incidents, public information blitzes or other media relations, the City’s Public Information Officer is a resource for the department.
105.00  RESIGNATIONS

1. A member is requested to provide at least two (2) weeks’ notice of intent to resign from the department to allow ample time to process the notice. The Fire Chief may waive the notice requirement and allow the resignation to become effective immediately on receipt of a member’s intention to resign.

2. Notice of resignation shall be written and delivered to the member’s Chief Officer.

3. The supervisor shall promptly forward the notice to the Assistant Chief for processing.

4. It is the resigning member’s responsibility to contact the appropriate city department for information to benefit options.

5. A resigning member shall turn in all uniforms, radios, keys and other property issued by the department. A member may be assessed a replacement cost for any item not returned or returned damaged.

106.00  SHIFT TRADES

1. A shift trade is defined as; time when one member voluntarily works for another by their mutual agreement.

2. The City of Jonesboro does not assume any responsibility for compensating a member who voluntarily agrees to work for another. Nor shall the extra hours worked by a member during a shift trade be used to determine payments for overtime, exchange time or any other benefit.

3. The Battalion Chief may deny a shift trade.

4. A member may trade shifts only with a member of equal rank and may not work in a higher or lower classification without approval of the Battalion Chief.

5. The member who is scheduled to work will be responsible for ensuring that their position is filled by an appropriate member through a shift trade. If the position is not filled the member scheduled to work may be subject to disciplinary action. Legitimate absences may be charged to the appropriate category of leave on the scheduled to work member’s time.

6. Probationary firefighters (Yellow Helmet) shall not work a shift trade for a firefighter, Black or Yellow Helmet, without prior approval of the Battalion Chief of the firefighter requesting the shift trade.

107.00  TRANSFERS

1. Every department member is subject to transfer as a result of departmental reorganization or to meet operational needs.

2. A member mandatorily transferred shall be given as much notice as is practical to allow the member to make necessary personal arrangements.

3. A member may request a transfer to another assignment provided they meet the position’s minimum qualifications. To request, the member must submit a written request to the Assistant Fire Chief via the member’s immediate supervisor.
4. Request for transfers may be accommodated whenever possible, but the Fire Chief has final authority to grant or deny a voluntary transfer request based on the overall impact the transfer would have on the department.

108.00 CODE OF CONDUCT

1. As a basic condition of membership, all members have an obligation to conduct their official duties in a manner that serves the public interest, upholds the public’s trust and protects the department’s resources. To this end, all members have the responsibility to;

A. Perform their duties to the very best of their abilities and in a manner that is efficient, is cost-effective and meets the needs of the public.
B. Demonstrate integrity, honesty and ethical behavior in all department business.
C. Ensure that personal interests do not come in conflict with official duties and avoid both actual conflicts of interest and the appearance of conflicts of interest when dealing with vendors, customers and other individuals doing business or seeking to do business with the department.
D. Ensure that all department resources, funds, equipment, vehicles and other property are used in compliance with city and department policies solely for the department’s benefit.
E. Conduct all dealings with the public, city employees and other organizations in a manner that presents a courteous, professional and service-oriented image.
F. Treat the public and other employees fairly and equitably without regard to age, color, disability, ethnicity, national origin, political affiliation, race, religion, gender, sexual orientation or any other factor unrelated to the department’s business.
G. Avoid any behavior that could fall under the definition of misconduct in the disciplinary section of the Civil Service Handbook and the city Employee Handbook.
H. Report for duty at the appointed time and place fully equipped, fit and able to perform assignments.

2. Officers and supervisors shall set an example for other members and have a responsibility to ensure that their activities and decisions pertaining to community services, personnel action and the management of public funds are consistent with the city and department policies and practices.

108.01 OBEDIENCE TO ORDERS

1. Members shall read and become familiar with the department’s Rules and Regulations and Standard Operating Policy’s & Guidelines. No plea of ignorance will be accepted as an excuse for any violation.
2. Members shall promptly and willingly respond to the lawful orders of superior officers or acting officers. Refusal to obey a lawful order shall constitute insubordination.
Obvious disrespect for or disruption of a supervisor’s order likewise shall be deemed insubordination.

3. Members shall abide by Federal and State law, local Ordinances and Resolutions, and Department general orders and rules of conduct. Members shall not be required to obey orders that are illegal or in conflict with the department’s Rules and Regulations.

4. Members shall not publicly criticize or comment derogatorily to anyone about instructions or orders received from a superior officer.

5. Supervisors and acting supervisors shall refrain from exceeding their authority in giving orders. The wrongful or injurious exercise of authority is prohibited.

6. Every officer will be held responsible for enforcing the department’s Rules and Regulations. If a violation comes to an officer’s attention, that officer shall immediately notify the member of the violation and take corrective action. Should an officer fail to report a violation of an order or a violation of the department’s Rules and Regulations, that officer shall be equally responsible for the violation.

7. Should a member receive an order that conflicts with a previous order, the member shall notify the officer that issued the conflicting order and shall be governed by the officer’s subsequent order.

8. Any member who is given an order they believe to be unjust, improper or contrary to a general order or rule of the department or a Federal, State or city policy should respectfully decline to obey the order and shall state the reason for doing so. The member shall request that the supervisor of the person issuing the order be contacted for instructions if the person issuing the order does not rescind or alter the original order.

108.02 INAPPROPRIATE BEHAVIOR

1. The following activities are prohibited by members while on duty.

   A. Unlawful behavior, gambling, quarrelsome conduct, lewd or indecent activity.
   B. Possession of a firearm or other deadly weapon on city property.
   C. Threats or acts of physical violence against the public, coworkers, other department members or city employees.
   D. Sexual activity to include the possession or use of printed or audiovisual material that is sexually offensive.
   E. Abusive behavior, hazing or harassment of coworkers or members of the public. Horseplay, practical jokes and other disruptive behavior are also prohibited.
   F. Alteration or modification of vehicles, apparatus, buildings, computers or items of equipment owned or operated by the department without the Fire Chief’s authorization.
   G. Acceptance or solicitation of gifts, rewards or fees for services incidental to the performance of one’s duty. In addition, no member shall be required to make a donation to any person or organization as a condition of employment.
   H. Campaigning for or against any person running for political office.
I. Publicly criticizing the official actions or orders of a superior officer. Nor may a member publicly speak disrespectfully of the department or its members.
J. Recommending or endorsing specific products, trade names or businesses.
K. Conducting personal business or performing any activity for which the member will receive any form of compensation from anyone other than the City of Jonesboro.
L. Permanently parking or storing personal vehicles, trailers, campers, tractors, boats, etc. on department property.
M. Employees who drive vehicles with commercial advertising on them should be parked in a designated parking spot.
N. Making a false statement, oral or written about one’s immediate supervisor, intending to destroy discipline and good order.
O. Performing any act or making any statement, oral or written about one’s co-workers intending to destroy good morale, good order, or good working relationships with co-workers.
P. Displaying insolence or indifference or evading duty during an emergency or nonemergency incident. Any member found guilty of this offense shall be relieved of duty immediately.
Q. All members shall devote all of their time to the business of the fire department. Part-time businesses cannot be transacted while on duty.
R. Outside employment of personnel during off-duty hours shall not interfere with their fire department duties.

108.03 SEXUAL HARASSMENT

1. Unwanted or unsolicited verbal or physical sexual harassment of members by supervisors or coworkers will not be tolerated. Supervisors shall promptly correct such behavior should it occur.
2. If a member informs a supervisor or coworker that his language or behavior is offensive and such conduct continues, the member immediately should report the situation to his supervisor or the supervisor’s superior.
3. Appropriate disciplinary action shall be taken against a member found guilty of harassing a fellow member.
4. All members shall comply with the city’s sexual harassment policy as described in the City Employee Handbook.

108.04 PROFESSIONAL RELATIONS

1. Department members shall exhibit courtesy and respect to all officers and acting officers. While on duty, all officers shall be referred to by their appropriate rank.
2. Supervisors shall exhibit courtesy and respect to their subordinates and shall treat all members in a fair and impartial manner.
3. Members shall treat one another with due courtesy and shall not engage in horseplay or disrespectful conduct while on duty.
4. Members are required to speak the truth at all times, in giving testimony in connection with official orders and with official duties, whether or not under oath.

5. Members shall not make false reports concerning department business or personal character or conduct of any member.

6. Members shall be courteous and respectful to the public and other city employees and are required to give their names and rank whenever requested by the public.

108.05 SOCIAL NETWORKING

PURPOSE & SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is not to restrict the flow of useful and appropriate information, but to minimize the risk to the Jonesboro Fire Department [hereinafter “JFD”] and its employees. The JFD recognizes the growing importance of online social media networks as a communication tool and respects the right of employees to use these mediums during their personal time. Use of these mediums during company time or on company equipment, however, is prohibited.

In general, employees who participate in social media are free to publish their own personal information without censorship by the JFD. But must understand concerns and issues that arise when information is released that violates privacy concerns or portrays this organization to the public in an illegal or negative manner (intentional or unintentional).

All employees are responsible for maintaining the JFD’s positive reputation and presenting the JFD in a manner that safeguards the reputation of its employees and that of the City of Jonesboro.

There are some types of information employees are not permitted to discuss or display online, including information that is confidential or proprietary to the JFD, or to a third party that has disclosed information to it.

The following are examples but not limited to these:

1. Members are prohibited from acting as a spokesperson for the JFD or posting comments as a representative of it without permission of the appropriate supervisor or department head.

2. Statements that are threatening, intimidating or disparaging to the JFD, other employees or the general public.

3. Statements, comments or images referencing illegal drugs, criminal activity, or profanity.

4. Statements, comments or images that disparage any race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, disability, or national origin. Also, communications that engages in personal or sexual harassment, unfounded accusations, or remarks that would contribute to a hostile work environment (racial, sexual, religious, etc.). As well as, any behavior not in
agreement with the City of Jonesboro Standards of Conduct Policy or JFD Rules & Regulations and general policies.

5. No information, videos or pictures gathered while on JFD business (this includes emergency calls, meetings, drills, details, or training) may be shared or posted in any format without the approval of a Chief Officer of the JFD.

6. Members are prohibited from disseminating or transmitting any photographs or information of individuals receiving emergency medical assistance. Any such transmission may violate State/Federal Laws and/or the HIPPA privacy rights of such individuals and may result in a criminal and/or civil proceeding being commenced against members and employees violating this provision of the policy.

Nothing in this section shall be interpreted or applied as limiting an employee’s right to engage in protected concerted activity as provided by the National Labor Relations Act.

II. THE CITY SOCIAL MEDIA PRESENCE

The City maintains a presence on social media sites that are deemed appropriate for informing the public. Employees are encouraged to participate on these pages while representing themselves personally, following the guidelines above.

Employees will be subject to discipline for any social media posting that the City determines is detrimental to it. Employees will be held responsible for the disclosure, whether purposeful or inadvertent, of confidential or proprietary to the JFD, information that violates the privacy rights or other rights of a third party, or the content of anything posted on any social media. Further, employees may be liable for monetary damages for such disclosure.

III. VIOLATION OF POLICY

The nature of any social media posting and degree of harm to the JFD will be factors in determining whether discipline will be imposed and the severity of any such discipline, up to and including termination of employment.

109.00 PERSONAL APPEARANCE

1. This rule applies to all members while officially on duty or representing the department at a public meeting, training session, seminar, conference, or other similar event.

2. Members shall maintain proper personal hygiene while on duty.

3. Uniforms and shoes shall be neat and shall conform to the requirements set forth in SOG 109.01, Uniforms.

4. At no time while in uniform shall a member wear jewelry, pins, ribbons, buttons or an article of clothing that constitutes an advertisement; religious, political, or social viewpoint or message that is offensive to anyone on the basis of age, color, disability, ethnicity, national origin, race, religion, political affiliation, gender, or sexual orientation.
5. Hair shall be kept neat and well-groomed, shall not constitute a safety hazard, and at no time shall interfere with the use of protective clothing or equipment.

6. Beards and goatees are prohibited. Neatly trimmed sideburns and mustaches are permitted provided they do not interfere with protective clothing or equipment. Sideburns shall not extend below the base of the ear and mustaches shall not extend below the bottom lip.

7. Members shall limit their use of jewelry to a wrist watch, a wedding ring, and one school or university ring. These items shall not interfere with the proper use of protective clothing and equipment.

8. Members are prohibited from wearing earrings, ear studs, nose jewelry or other items that draw attention to the wearer.

9. Tattoos that are deemed inappropriate due to explicit content i.e.; (profanity, sexual, racial, etc.) shall be covered and non-visible when on duty.

109.01 UNIFORMS – DRESS CODE

1. Guidelines for consistent appearance of members

   A. Class “A” Uniform: Formal Events (see appendix A-1)
      a. Funerals and Visitations (while on or off duty)
      b. Special functions; banquets, award ceremonies, etc.

   B. Class “B” Uniform shirts with badge (short or long sleeve)
      a. Funerals and Visitations (while on or off duty)
      b. Fire Inspections
      c. Special functions; banquets, award ceremonies, etc.
      d. When speaking to groups, public school functions or presentations.

   C. Class “C” Uniform Polo shirts & BDU shorts
      a. Supply shopping for your station
      b. Eating out
      c. Training: seminars on duty, inside training with special speaker
      d. Station tours
      e. Fire prevention activities at schools or picnics

   D. Class “D” Uniform Tee shirts/Sweat Shirts/Pullovers
      a. Around the station
      b. In house training
      c. Mowing or any outside work
E. Coveralls
   a. Working around the station painting, mowing or other maintenance

F. Caps
   a. May be worn with Class C, D & E uniforms

G. Coats and Jackets
   a. Must be department issued or from the “Approved but not provided” uniform list
   b. ¼ Zip Fleece pullover jackets may be worn with Class C, D & E uniforms

H. Shorts
   a. Must be department issued
   b. May be worn while fitness training

I. Approved but not provided uniforms
   a. See appendix A-2

2. General requirements

   A. All members shall wear the appropriate uniform while on duty with the exception of the Chief, Assistant Chief, Training Officer, Fire Marshal and support staff.
   B. Uniforms shall not be worn off duty except as provided for in this section.
   C. Uniformed members of the department shall report for duty in the prescribed uniform.
   D. Uniforms shall be maintained and neat in appearance at all times.
   E. Uniforms shall be kept clean and in proper state of repair.
   F. Jacket and shirt pocket flaps shall be buttoned at all times. Pockets shall be free of objects that create bulges or that otherwise detract from a professional appearance.
   G. A member in uniform shall at all times wear a black belt, black shoes or boots, and black socks. (With the exception of during fitness training).
   H. Shoes and boots shall be kept clean and polished at all times.

   *In order to maintain a professional appearance with regard to footwear the following standard for uniform shoes shall be adhered too:
      a. Black leather with plain toe boot or shoe that can be polished
      b. No visible logos on instep or toe
      c. Shoes not meeting these standards are not to be worn

3. Rank insignias

   A. Gold rank insignias shall be worn on the class “A” uniform by the Chief, Assistant Chief,
Training Division Chief, Fire Prevention and Investigation Division Chief and Battalion Chiefs.

B. All other uniformed members shall wear silver rank insignias on their class A and B uniforms.

C. The insignia shall be worn parallel to the front edge of the collar, centered one-half inch from the top and bottom. For proper insignia placement (see appendix A-1)

4. Seasonal clothing

A. The department shall issue jackets and coats as appropriate.

B. Navy blue or white thermal underwear may be worn under the uniform but must not be visible.

5. Non-uniformed members

A. All clothing worn by non-uniformed members shall be neat, clean and appropriate for the occasion.

B. Nothing may be worn that could constitute a safety hazard or be offensive to another person on the basis of age, color, disability, ethnicity, national origin, political affiliation, race, religion, gender, or sexual orientation.

6. See appendix A-2 for approved but not provided uniform items.

109.02 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

1. When any part of the PPE issued becomes worn or damaged, it is the responsibility of the employee to report it to his/her company officer.

2. Protective clothing will be issued as follows:

- 1 helmet
- 1 turnout coat
- 1 turnout pants with suspenders
- 1 pair of firefighting gloves
- 1 protective hood
- 1 personal S.C.B.A. mask and voice emitter
- 1 pair of extrication gloves
- 1 pair safety goggles if Bourke eye shields are used on helmet
- 1 pair of firefighting boots

4. Maintenance of protective clothing will be the responsibility of the person to whom they are issued.

5. Any person leaving the employment of the Jonesboro Fire Department shall return all uniforms issued by the City of Jonesboro, protective clothing and equipment, and any other accessories. A member may be assessed a replacement cost for any item that is damaged or not returned.
6. Turnout gear is not to be kept in dorm rooms of the stations. It is discouraged to wear turnouts inside living quarters.

110.00 RECALL TO DUTY

1. To maintain essential services, the Fire Chief or his designee shall have the authority to order members of the department to return to duty at times other than their normal working periods.
2. Members recalled to duty shall be compensated in accordance with the appropriate section of the City Employee Handbook. Compensation will begin from the time the employee reports to duty.
3. Members recalled to duty shall report within a reasonable period of time after being notified to report back to duty.
4. Members shall respond to an emergency recall unless incapacitated. Members refusing to respond back to duty shall show just cause or be subject to disciplinary action.
5. Members responding back to duty because of a recall shall obey all traffic laws while responding.

111.00 STATION DUTY

1. Daily activities:
   A. Station Captains are responsible for ensuring that all daily tasks assigned by the daily work schedule, Battalion Chief, Assistant Fire Chief or Fire Chief are completed in a timely manner and that their apparatus and station are clean along with the company capable of responding to their dispatched emergencies. Crews are expected to turn out within 60 seconds of receipt of an alarm.
   B. Captains may waive the tasks assigned according to the daily work schedule when special circumstance warrant. Any activity not completed in such a situation shall be rescheduled for the next tour of duty and shall be completed as soon as practical.
   C. Captains shall complete a Daily Report for each tour of duty. The completed report shall be reviewed by the Battalion Chief.
   D. Captains are responsible to see that an Apparatus Checklist is completed for their assigned vehicles for each tour of duty.
   E. Prior to being relieved for duty, Captains shall report all pertinent information to the Captains relieving them.
   F. Protective clothing shall be stored properly at the end of each tour of duty and shall not be left on the apparatus.
   G. Captains are responsible for all station operations and shall take appropriate actions to ensure that fuel, utilities and station supplies are used conservatively.
   H. Whenever the daily schedule permits, members are encouraged to devote their free time to fitness and personal study. Members shall not engage in any activity that interferes with their ability to respond promptly (within 60 seconds) to an alarm.
2. **Station daily reports:**

A. The station daily report shall reflect a general account of the activities of the platoon for that shift. The report shall contain an accurate and complete history of the operation of the company. The entries shall afford detailed information of special duties performed by the members, orders received, accidents, unusual occurrences, receipt of supplies and equipment, and everything pertaining to the administration of the company or to the interest of the department.

B. Entries shall show personnel on vacation, sick leave, injured, and personnel absent from duty for other reasons.

C. Entries shall show fire companies and apparatus placed in and out of service because of repairs, special duty, manpower shortages, accidents, etc.

D. Station captains shall give/receive a summary report of previous shift activities and provide any additional pertinent information regarding equipment, facility, personnel etc.

112.00 **VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT**

1. **General requirements**

A. Vehicles and equipment shall be maintained in a constant state of readiness and availability for complete and immediate use.

B. Members shall be responsible for the use and care of vehicles and equipment assigned to them or entrusted to their care.

C. Members shall immediately report any loss, damage, or malfunction of apparatus or equipment to the member’s supervisor.

D. Members shall return vehicles and equipment issued to them or entrusted to their care immediately upon separation from service.

E. A member required to drive a vehicle owned or operated by the City of Jonesboro shall possess an appropriate and valid driver’s license.

F. Members shall drive in a safe and prudent manner and obey all applicable federal, state, and local traffic regulations when driving or operating a vehicle owned by the City of Jonesboro.

G. Members shall properly wear safety restraint devices whenever driving, riding or operating in or from a vehicle owned by the City of Jonesboro. *(see SOG 112.01)*

H. Members driving city owned vehicles to the emergency scene shall drive with due regard and never exceed a speed which is safe, reasonable and proper for existing road conditions.

I. When backing fire apparatus, a member shall serve as a guide to assist the driver and insure a safe backing operation.

J. Members driving emergency vehicles shall use extreme caution when approaching street intersections and on approach to the emergency scene.

K. Members will chock the apparatus rear wheels anytime the apparatus is parked outside the apparatus bay including emergencies and other business whether the apparatus is
running or not.

2. Departmental emergency response vehicles:

   A. Vehicles owned and operated by the City of Jonesboro shall be used for city business only. City business means any authorized work or activity performed by a member on behalf of the city.
   B. An officer may authorize brief stops while their company is within its district performing an authorized activity. The company must maintain radio contact and remain available for calls at all times.

3. Staff, (take home vehicles)

   A. A take-home vehicle will be assigned to employees required to be on call twenty-four hours per day when a rapid response may be necessary in the fulfillment of the employee’s duties. Assignments of take-home vehicle shall be made by the head of the department.
   B. No vehicle shall be operated outside the city limits of Jonesboro unless authorized by the head of the department or his authorized representative.
   C. All assigned vehicles shall be used in accordance with job related duties. Vehicles will not be used as part of off-duty employment.
   D. Only employees are allowed to operate city vehicles.
   E. Employees assigned to a specific vehicle will maintain full responsibility of such vehicle including, but not limited too; proper maintenance, cleanliness, and driving courtesy.
   F. When not in an emergency response, all city-owned vehicles shall be operated in accordance with all traffic and parking laws.
   G. Seat belts will be worn by all occupants while operating or riding in a city vehicle and smoking is not permitted inside any city vehicle.
   H. All employees operating a city owned vehicle must be in possession of a valid driver’s license.
   I. A city vehicle will not be altered in any manner without the approval of the head of the department or his authorized representative.
   J. A gas card will be assigned to each city vehicle to be used for the purchase of gas for that vehicle. The assigned employee to that vehicle will be responsible for the use and care of the city gas card assigned.

4. Injuries and property damage

   A. An accident or collision involving damage to a vehicle or property, or injury to any person, shall be reported immediately to the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction and the member’s supervisor.

112.01 VEHICLE SEAT BELT POLICY

All occupants of a Jonesboro Fire Department vehicle must utilize the seatbelt restraints, if
provided, while vehicle is in motion on any street, road or highway. This policy is to protect you from undue harm should you become involved in an accident, also it is to conform to state law. Deviation from the policy will be considered as “misconduct” and the following disciplinary actions will be followed.

1. **First offence**; Offender a written reprimand;  
   **First offence for Company Officer**; Receive a verbal warning.

2. **Second offence**; Offender a shift off without pay;  
   **Second offence for Company Officer**; Receive a written reprimand.

3. **Third offence**; Offender three shifts off without pay.  
   **Third offence for Company Officer**; Receive one shift without pay and a 2nd Reprimand

4. **Fourth offence**; Offender terminated.  
   **Fourth offence for Company Officer**; Demoted one rank.

### 112.02 RETURNING APPARATUS TO APPARATUS BAY

1. **Basic operational approach**
   
   A. Bring apparatus to a complete stop in line with bay, with view of entire door.  
   B. Open bay door with remote or by firefighter entering code number.  
   C. Do not proceed until door is fully open and door travel has ceased.  
   D. Before crossing threshold of bay door, stop apparatus completely, bump horn then proceed up to the maximum rate of 5 M.P.H.  
   E. When returning to station and bay door is open, stop apparatus completely prior to crossing threshold, bump horn 2 times then proceed, up to the maximum rate of 5 M.P.H.

### 113.00 VISITORS AT STATIONS

1. Members are permitted to have visitors at the stations between the hours of 7:30 a.m. and 10:00 p.m.
2. Visitors are not permitted to enter a station dormitory or locker room.
3. Visitors are not permitted to enter a workshop area or apparatus bay unless properly escorted by a department member.
4. When escorting visitors in an apparatus bay, members shall not allow children to play on, around, or with emergency apparatus or equipment without careful and close supervision.
5. Visitors shall not be allowed to disrupt any training or work activities within the station.
6. Visitors are expected to abide by department rules and regulations while at the station or other work sites.
7. Minors shall at all times remain under the supervision and control of an adult.

114.00 USE OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS

1. Buildings and structures owned by the City of Jonesboro have been designated as tobacco-free workplaces. The use of tobacco products is not permitted inside a building or structure owned by the city.
2. The use of tobacco products is prohibited by members while riding, driving, or operating any vehicle owned by the City of Jonesboro.
3. While tobacco products may be used outside buildings and structures in smoking areas designated by the Fire Chief, members shall properly dispose of any smoking or chewing remains or waste.
4. Members using smokeless tobacco products shall refrain from spitting on sidewalks, parking lots and other paved surfaces, on non-paved surfaces used by other members and in water fountains.

115.00 FIRE DEPARTMENT CHAPLAIN

1. Function

   A. The Fire Department Chaplain serves in a volunteer capacity at the discretion of the Fire Chief. The Chaplain will maintain a crisis ministry to assist department members, members’ families and civilians in coping with the physical, spiritual, and emotional aspects of personal tragedy. The Chaplain will be a person of faith ministering to all people regardless of their particular faith or value system.

2. Guidelines

   A. Position requires minimal supervision and extensive independent judgment. Instruction will be in the form of oral or written direction from the Fire Chief as to the broad objectives to be accomplished. General directions from time to time may also be received from the Incident Commander at a disaster scene.

      a. The Chaplain will be issued a badge and identification card for access to the emergency scene.
      b. The Chaplain shall be issued a radio for call as requested by from Incident Command.
      c. The Chaplain shall be under the authority of the Incident Command at a hazardous scene and will act as a liaison to the victim and victim’s family in support of the Incident Commander.
      d. The Chaplain will maintain the utmost concern for both his own safety and the safety of any victim or family member while fulfilling his duties.
      e. Only under authority of and with the Incident Command’s knowledge, may the Fire Chaplain enter into the warm or hot zone at an incident scene.
B. In order to carry out his function properly, the Chaplain will conduct periodic visits to each station and shift as he sees fit. The Chaplain will be permitted opportunities to ride with firefighters to gain firsthand knowledge of the role and lifestyle of a firefighter. The Chaplain may attend and participate in training exercises with the permission of the officer in charge of the exercise.

3. **Special conditions**

A. The Fire Department Chaplain position is a volunteer position and does not qualify for employee compensation and/or benefits of any kind. The Chaplain will assume all personal liability in the performance of his or her duties and not hold the City of Jonesboro liable in the event of any accident or mishap while performing the duties of his or her office.
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

SECTION 200
200.00 MINIMUM STAFFING

1. Regulates the routine staffing of fire apparatus. The provisions of this procedure may be suspended by the Fire Chief or designated representative whenever special circumstances warrant.

   A. Establish guidelines that are intended to provide the community with the highest quality fire protection possible within the parameters of the department’s budget.

   B. Minimize the health and safety risk of personnel by assembling a sufficient number of personnel at every incident to a safe and satisfactory conclusion.

2. Staffing guidelines

   A. A minimum number of firefighters shall be on apparatus at all times as outlined below. Any deviation from this standard must be approved by the Fire Chief or Assistant Fire Chief or designee.

      a. Battalion Chief – 1 Officer per battalion
      b. All engine companies – Company officer and two firefighters
      c. All truck companies – Company officer and one firefighter
      d. Rescue company, Brush/Squad units – Staffed as needed based on type of incident.

   B. The Battalion Chief shall be responsible for maintaining staffing levels at the prescribed levels above. To fulfill this responsibility, the Battalion Chief shall have the authority to assign, move, transfer personnel, or hire overtime as necessary.

   C. In the event the battalion chief is unable to fill a position to maintain minimum staffing then “Mandatory Holdover” shall be implemented. Mandatory holdover should be rank for rank, IE, captain for captain, driver for driver, firefighter for firefighter.

200.01 DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF FIRE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES

FIRE CHIEF

1. Fire Chief shall direct the overall activities of the City of Jonesboro’s Fire Department by performing the following duties personally or through subordinate supervisors while working under the direction of the Mayor. The Fire Chief shall, in addition to the duties imposed by ordinance and Civil Service Regulations, perform the following duties:

   A. Shall be responsible for overall department budget development, preparation and administration.

   B. Shall work closely with the Mayor, City Council, Council Committees, and Civil Service
Commission to establish appropriate policies and procedures.
C. Shall be responsible for coordinating and overseeing the effective supervision, training and disciplinary action of all Fire Department personnel.
D. May be required to assume direct command of an emergency scene.

ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF

1. The Assistant Fire Chief shall be in charge of directing day to day operations of the fire department by performing the following duties personally or through subordinate supervisors. The Assistant Fire Chief works under the direction of the Fire Chief.

A. Shall oversee the Training Division, Fire Prevention and Investigation Division and Operations Division
B. May assume command at any incident
C. Supervises firefighters engaged in operation and maintenance of fire stations and equipment.
D. Assists in surveying buildings, grounds and equipment to estimate needs of department and prepare departmental budgets.
E. Confers with officials and community groups and conducts public relations and campaigns to present need for changes in laws and policies and to encourage fire prevention.
F. Performs related duties as assigned.

BATTALION CHIEF

1. The Battalion Chief shall manage, supervise, plan and coordinate the activities and operations of the Battalion assigned to him/her by performing the following duties personally or through subordinate supervisors. The Battalion Chief works under the direction of the Assistant Chief.

A. Shall oversee his/her assigned Battalion directly responsible for the Captains, Drivers and Firefighters under his/her command including all personnel issues.
B. Shall coordinate Battalion activities with other Divisions, departments, outside agencies and the general public.
C. Shall take command as the Incident Commander of incidents within his/her Battalion as needed.
D. Responds to emergency incidents, organizes, directs and participates in efforts to save lives and protect property.
E. Assists with special projects.
F. Acquire and maintain specialized training/certification as required.
G. Supervises a wide variety of routine tasks in connection with the maintenance of the fire stations, grounds and equipment.
H. Performs related work as needed or assigned.
I. Assists in ensuring adherence to City and Departmental codes, policies and procedures.
J. Assists in ensuring effective city coverage while fulfilling request for non-emergency services whenever possible.
K. Maintains records, and prepares reports on equipment, fires, accidents, injuries, etc.
L. Evaluates assigned personnel identifying training needs and providing counseling as needed.
M. Prepare daily and monthly activity and operational reports and any other duties as assigned by superiors.

CAPTAIN

1. The Captain shall manage, supervise, plan and coordinate the activities of his station, apparatus, fire district and personnel assigned to him/her by performing the following duties personally or through subordinate supervisors. Captains work under the direction of the Battalion Chief.

A. Captains shall answer all emergency calls directed to their company.
B. Shall ride in the front officers seat as the company officer unless short a driver for the apparatus. They may at their discretion, and under their supervision allow a firefighter to drive/operate the apparatus.
C. Shall actively engage with their crew as a company officer in all fire ground activities including, but not necessarily limited too; interior operations, exterior operations, rescue operations, etc.
D. Captains are responsible for the safety and well being of all personnel assigned under him/her during emergency and non-emergency operations.
E. Captains are responsible for their own company accountability.
F. Captains are held accountable for the condition of their assigned fire station, apparatus and crew.
G. Captains shall evaluate the personnel assigned under them.
H. Captains shall set the standard for their company in regards to training, discipline, work ethic, etc.
I. Captains shall promote company pride and provide leadership while building up the department and his/her crew along with providing a positive atmosphere in the workplace.
J. Shall maintain all reports, fire run information and any other duties as assigned by superiors.

DRIVER/OPERATOR

1. The driver is responsible for preventative maintenance of his/her assigned apparatus and apparatus equipment while possessing the ability to drive and operate the apparatus in a safe manner. The driver works under the direction of the captain and is responsible for the following duties.
A. Drivers answer all fire calls assigned to their apparatus and assist in the supervision of fires, interior attacks, exterior attacks and rescue operations.
B. Shall possess knowledge of hydraulics necessary for the pumping of his/her apparatus.
C. Shall possess knowledge in various hose lays, equipment attachments, equipment locations, and apparatus safety measures.
D. Shall possess knowledge of the streets, fire hydrants and any other pertinent information for the company’s assigned district.
E. Drivers are responsible for the readiness, cleanliness and efficiency of their assigned apparatus.
F. Shall maintain reports, fire run information and any other duties assigned by superiors

**FIREFIGHTER**

1. Firefighters are under general supervision, control and extinguish fires, directly perform life safety activities and participate in fire prevention activities. Firefighters work under the direction of the Company Officer.
   
   A. Answers all fire calls and assists as directed by Captain.
   B. Shall possess the knowledge to perform all fire fighting tactics such as; ventilation, hose stream placement, salvage and overhaul, search and rescue.
   C. Shall possess the knowledge for First Responder calls and vehicle extrications.
   D. Cleans and services the apparatus assigned to and helps maintain it in a condition of readiness.
   E. Attends all departmental training.
   F. Performs a wide variety of routine tasks in connection with the maintenance of the fire station quarters and grounds along with any other duties assigned by superiors.

**FIRE MARSHAL**

1. Fire Marshal is responsible for the investigation of all fires of a suspicious nature, inspects new and existing buildings for fire code violations, and inspects hospitals, schools and daycares for fire safety. The Fire Marshal works under the direction of the Assistant Fire Chief.
   
   A. Answers all calls for a fire scene investigation by the Incident Commander.
   B. Shall possess the knowledge to conduct new and existing building plan reviews.
   C. Directs and coordinates all fire prevention activities for the city.
   D. Works directly with the Criminal Investigation Division of the Jonesboro Police Department.
   E. Monitors and writes tickets as deemed necessary to ensure compliance of fire lane parking violations, building code violations, etc.
TRAINING OFFICER

1. The Training Officer is responsible for training all Jonesboro Fire Department members in firefighting, safety, rescue, etc. The Training Officer works under the direction of the Assistant Fire Chief

A. Shall develop and provide training classes as he/she sees fit for the continued educational needs of the department.
B. Shall ensure that all members of the department are kept current with any required training certifications.
C. Shall always be on the lookout for any new training methods, new equipment and any new ideologies in the fire service which will improve the departments overall effectiveness.
D. Shall possess the necessary communication skills and computer skills.
E. Shall keep and maintain all members training records and certifications.

200.02 METHOD OF FILLING VACANCIES

1. Whenever a vacancy exists (SOP 200.00), the appropriate person or persons shall be hired by the Battalion Chief or acting Battalion Chief for overtime.

2. Personnel hired for overtime shall report to their duty post on the appropriate date and time and shall report with all the required uniforms, protective clothing, bed linens, and personal items appropriate for assignment

A. Members shall notify the appropriate supervisor if they cannot report as assigned and shall provide the supervisor with a satisfactory explanation.
B. In the event the battalion chief is unable to fill a position to maintain minimum staffing then “Mandatory Holdover” shall be implemented. Mandatory holdover will be rank for rank. IE; captain for captain, driver for driver, firefighter for firefighter.

200.03 EMERGENCY CALLBACK

1. Whenever operational conditions are such that additional personnel are required, one or more off-duty personnel may be called back to duty.
2. Emergency callbacks shall be initiated at the request of the incident commander. Off-duty personnel may be called back by an in-house fire company, administration office worker(s), dispatch center or emergency callback system. Off-duty personnel shall be instructed as to assignments when reporting to duty with supervisors.
3. Unless otherwise advised, all personnel answering an emergency callback shall respond to the incident scene.
4. Off-duty personnel returning to duty at an incident scene shall immediately report to IC or staging and await assignment. Under no circumstances shall arriving off-duty personnel begin any task without authorization from the incident commander.
5. After receiving an emergency callback, members shall respond in a timely manner while following all traffic laws.

201.00 LOST/DESTROYED EQUIPMENT

1. Reporting procedure
   A. On discovery that a piece of equipment has been lost, damaged, or destroyed, an employee shall notify their immediate supervisor and write a statement as to what happened.

2. Responsibilities
   A. It is the responsibility of each member to maintain all equipment, apparatus, clothing and protective equipment issued or assigned to. Apparatus and equipment, station, and personal equipment shall be inspected at the start of each shift and after each incident during the process of returning back to service.
   B. Members shall not loan any fire department tools or equipment without the approval of a chief officer.

3. Accountability
   A. The deliberate or willful misuse, theft, damage, or destruction of any tool, equipment, or other device owned by the department or other agency or private individual will result in the appropriate disciplinary action as prescribed in the City employee Handbook.
   B. The individual(s) responsible for the loss or destruction may be required to reimburse the department for the costs to repair or replace the equipment.

202.00 FIRE DEPARTMENT LIBRARY

1. Scope
   A. This standard regulates the use of printed and audiovisual materials owned by the City of Jonesboro. The library shall be used to increase the collective knowledge of the members of the department along with increasing public awareness of fire safety, medical emergencies and disaster preparedness issues.

2. Station library
   A. Each fire station shall maintain a small library for use by on-duty personnel. The library materials will consist of periodicals, text books and any other relevant materials.
   B. These materials may not be checked out for individual use, loaned to another station or
removed from the fire station without the permission of the Training Officer.

3. Department library

A. The department library shall be maintained in the administrative/training facility of the department. This library shall house the various audiovisual materials and equipment used in training, as well as periodicals, study materials, fire and building codes and printed materials.

B. Materials will be available for individual use and checkout except where otherwise prohibited.

C. Occasionally the department may issue printed items or textbooks to individuals for their use while employed by the department. The department retains continuous ownership of these materials.

4. Checkout and return procedures

A. An individual may borrow books from the department library for a period not to exceed seven (7) days. The borrowed item must then be returned to the library. If no one is waiting to borrow the book it may be checked out for another seven (7) days.

B. No member may check out more than two (2) books at the same time.

C. To checkout a book/video, a member must sign and date the library book/video checkout log with the training division.

D. Books may not be loaned to another member while checked out. The member who originally checked out the book/video is totally responsible for the item.

E. Training materials and equipment may also be checked out by a member of neighboring fire departments with approval from the Training Instructors.

F. When an item is returned to the library the borrower shall record the return date on the checkout log.

See: Library Book/Video Checkout Log appendix B-1

5. Responsibilities

A. The Station Captains shall be responsible for maintaining their respective station libraries and for regulating the use of its resources.

B. The Training Officers shall be the custodian of the department library. They shall maintain the materials within the library and regulate the use of its resources.

C. Any individual who borrows or checks out materials from the department library shall be responsible for the materials entrusted to them. They may be required to replace any item that is damaged or lost.
203.00 DAILY WORK SCHEDULE

1. The daily work schedule is a guide for minimum routine cleaning activities for the day. This schedule is not intended to be all inclusive or the only activities to be done. The tasks on the daily work schedule shall be performed every shift as incident volume and weather permits.

2. The station captain shall be responsible to ensure that the copy of the daily work schedule is maintained on the station bulletin board.

3. The station captain shall be responsible for ensuring that all assigned tasks are completed each shift.

204.00 COMPLAINTS AGAINST EMPLOYEES

1. Scope

   A. This standard establishes guidelines for the receipt, investigations, and resolution of complaints received by the department concerning the professional or personal conduct, behavior, action or inaction of one or more members and those complaints that concern the department as a whole. This standard is to ensure that a thorough investigation be conducted for every complaint received by the department.

2. General

   A. Complaints that arise from the daily conduct of business fall into two major categories:

      a. Complaints against the department as a whole
      b. Complaints against one or more members of the department

   B. Complaints generally allege a violation of a department rule, policy, procedure or general order. A complaint may also allege that there is a violation of a Federal, State, or Local Statute or Ordinance.

   C. The department will hear all complaints against its members that have been initiated by any person who is found to have standing for such a complaint. Persons other than those who are actually affected by the actions of a member shall have no standing for a complaint, with the exception of cases involving juveniles. In such case the parent or legal guardian shall be required to file the written complaint.

3. Complaint procedure

   A. Complaints shall be filed in writing and signed by the person or persons making the complaint.
B. Complaints may be accepted by any on-duty supervisor. The supervisor receiving the complaint shall conduct an initial investigation to obtain as much information as possible and then forward the complaint directly to the supervising Battalion Chief.

C. If the complainant does not want to file a written complaint they may still voice their complaints to a supervisor. The supervisor shall record the information and forward an account of the complaint to his/her superior.

D. On receipt of an oral or written complaint, the Battalion Chief shall conduct an investigation of the complaint and forward the findings to the Assistant Chief.

E. A copy of the written complaint shall be given to the accused member, at that time the member is requested to make a written reply to the allegations.

F. When the act described in the complaint is a crime, the circumstances will immediately be explained to the Fire Chief and the Police Department will be notified.

4. Resolution of the complaint
   A. On conclusion of an investigation, the complaint will be classified as one of the following:
      a. Unfounded: Allegations are proved false or not enough evidence to support the allegations.
      b. Exonerated: Incident cited did occur, but the actions were lawful or followed proper procedures.
      c. Not Sustained: There is insufficient evidence either to prove or disprove the allegations.
      d. Sustained: The allegations are supported by sufficient evidence and the complaint will be upheld.

5. Resulting action
   A. When an investigation results in a determination of unfounded, exonerated, or not sustained, the Battalion Chief will notify the accused member that no further action will be taken against them. The member shall return to duty. If they had been placed on unpaid leave, they shall be fully compensated for all lost wages and benefits.
   B. When an investigation results in a determination of sustained, the appropriate action will be taken in accordance with the department’s disciplinary policy.

6. Format
   A. The supervisor who accepts the original complaint or conducts the initial investigation shall make the report as complete as possible prior to submitting the complaint to the Assistant Fire Chief.
   B. The following format shall be used for conducting investigations.
      a. Record the facts surrounding the incident. What took place, when, where, how
and who was involved.

b. State the allegations in detail. What does the complainant allege and against whom?

c. Record the process used to investigate the complaint. What did you do as the investigator? What did you learn by talking to all the parties and witnesses?

d. Record all findings and conclusions reached. What did your investigation reveal based on the facts extracted from the evidence?

e. Include a written recommendation to the Assistant Fire Chief.

7. Exceptions

A. A complaint shall be referred to the Assistant Fire Chief or Fire Chief in those cases where the complainant prefers speaking only to those entities.

B. Internal investigations may also be conducted concerning a member’s conduct whenever the Fire Chief or Assistant Fire Chief has reason to believe doing so is warranted.

C. The Fire Chief shall determine what disciplinary action should be taken pending the outcome of the investigation.

205.00 EVALUATION OF SWORN PERSONNEL

1. Scope

A. Formally communicates the goals and objectives of the department to each member and to discuss the member’s individual role in the accomplishment of those goals and objectives.

B. To provide positive feedback and motivation as well as areas needing improvement in the performance and productivity of each member.

C. To identify each member’s additional training and educational needs

D. To provide an ongoing written performance evaluation identifying any corrective actions that a member might be required to make so as to improve his/her performance.

2. Evaluation process

A. A formal, written evaluation of each member’s performance shall be conducted by their immediate supervisor once a year within 30 days their anniversary date.

B. The evaluation will be recorded in written form and placed in the member’s personnel file.

C. During the formal evaluation process each member shall be counseled by their immediate supervisor with respect to his/her individual progress and development. The supervisor shall note any areas of concern and shall discuss steps that the member should take to correct the problem or deficiency. A summary of the discussion shall be recorded on the member’s evaluation form.

D. On completion of the initial evaluation session, the evaluating supervisor shall forward
the evaluation form to the appropriate supervisor for review.

E. The reviewing supervisor shall discuss the member’s progress and deficiencies with the evaluating supervisor. If there is agreement about the evaluation, the reviewing supervisor may add their comments and sign the form. If there is disagreement, the two supervisors shall record the changes that need to be made on the evaluation form. The reviewing supervisor shall then add their comment, sign the form, and return it to the member for their review and signature.

F. A member may disagree with any portion of the evaluation and shall be allowed to record their objections in the section reserved for member comments.

G. On completion of the review process, the member shall be required to sign the form. Their signature does not imply agreement – only that they have read the evaluation and have been made aware of its contents. Under no circumstances shall a member be required to sign a blank or incomplete evaluation form.

H. No changes will be made to the form after all parties have signed off on the evaluation unless all parties are informed of the changes and are furnished copies of the changes.

3. Responsibilities

A. Supervisors shall be responsible for completing a formal written evaluation and oral evaluation of the performance of each member under their supervision at least once each year in accordance with the provisions of this standard.

B. Members shall be responsible for participating in a formal written and oral evaluation of their performance by their supervisor and for correcting all deficiencies identified in the evaluation process.

C. The Battalion Chief shall be responsible for ensuring that each platoon firefighter’s performance evaluations are maintained in their permanent personnel files.

206.00 TRAINING/TRAVEL REQUESTS

1. Scope

This standard outlines the process that must be followed when a member wishes to be compensated for attending a seminar or training session that is out of town. It was designed to enable members to attend classes and seminars conducted by outside agencies and organizations.

2. Procedure

A. If a member wishes to obtain approval to travel on behalf of the department or attend a training class or seminar, the member must complete a City of Jonesboro Request for Training Form prior to the date of the class or seminar and submit the completed form to the Training Division office.

B. If the request is from a member assigned to shift work, the Training Chief will consult
with the Battalion Chief about the impact the request would have on minimum staffing.

C. If the request from a member assigned to a shift is approved by the Training Chief the Battalion Chief shall be notified of the dates.

D. If a request is disapproved the reason for disapproval will be recorded on the form and returned back to the member submitting the request.

Reference: City of Jonesboro Request for Training Form appendix B-4

206.01 COMPENSATION/REIMBURSEMENT FOR TRAVEL

1. **Scope**

   A. This standard establishes guidelines for reimbursement and compensation of members who are required to travel or attend meetings, training sessions, or seminars out of town on behalf of the department. It is to ensure that the department’s compensation and reimbursement procedures are in compliance with the Fair Labor Standards Act and the applicable district policies and procedures and all policies from the City’s Employee Handbook.

2. **Criteria for reimbursement of expenses**

   A. To be reimbursed for expenses incurred while traveling or attending training sessions out of town on behalf of the department, personnel must:
      a. Obtain the Assistant Fire Chief’s, Battalion Chief’s and Training Chief’s approval prior to travel or training.
      b. Submit an itemized expense report with receipts and proper documentation.

   B. The department will normally cover the following expenses:
      a. Tuition or registration and course materials.
      b. Accommodations at an approved motel or hotel.
      c. Parking based on receipts and actual expenses.
      d. Per meal allowance for meals as per city travel policy in City Employee Handbook.
      e. The department will furnish a vehicle whenever possible. Members using their own personal vehicles will be reimbursed according to the City’s policy.
      f. The department will not reimburse any expenses incurred for alcohol or entertainment.
      g. The department will not reimburse any expenses incurred by a member’s spouse or other family member.

3. **Compensation for travel**
A. Travel time to and from an event shall be compensable. Compensation will be based on the amount of time required to travel to and from the department’s headquarters.

B. Nonexempt employees shall be granted overtime or compensatory time or time off during the current Kelly day cycle for those hours worked in excess of their normal 204 hours during the 27 day cycle. Compensable time includes travel time and class attendance. It does not include weekends or those evening hours after the event has concluded for the day or week.

207.00 INCIDENT REPORTS

1. Scope

A. This standard establishes requirements for the preparation of reports for incidents to which the department responds.
B. Creates a permanent record of each incident to which the department responds.
C. Develops a database for the analysis of the community’s demand for fire protection services.
D. Provides uniform data to the State Fire Marshal and the Arkansas Fire Academy concerning the department’s response activities.

2. Completing the report

A. Basic Incident Report shall be completed for each incident to which the department is dispatched, and a copy forwarded by the department to the Arkansas Fire Academy.
B. The report shall be accurate and thorough containing sufficient information to allow the reader to re-create an accurate portrayal of the facts and events surrounding a given incident.
C. The 911 Center shall assign a chronological number for each incident and the member filing the report shall insure that the appropriate incident number is on the Basic Incident Report.
D. A narrative shall be written for each incident.

3. Responsibilities

A. The officer of the first arriving apparatus shall be responsible for the Basic Incident Report and any other reports that may be required for the event.
B. The Battalion Chief shall be responsible for the reviewing process of the Incident Report.
C. Reports shall be entered as soon as the apparatus is fully back in service, and before the individual goes off duty.
D. Fire Administration will file the reports to the Arkansas Fire Academy in compliance with State and Local Guidelines.
208.00 Line of Duty Death

PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to outline the responsibilities for following fire department protocol involving a line of duty death.

The death of any member of the Jonesboro Fire Department while on duty, or while undergoing medical treatment for any injury or disease resulting from such duty, is considered a line of duty death. This also includes the death of a Fire Department member while traveling in connection with such duty or while engaged in firefighting or EMS activities off duty.

PROCEDURE

This procedure defines the policies and responsibilities to be followed in the event of a line of duty death, and can be escalated in the event of multiple deaths or a number of members seriously injured.

ASSIGNED RESPONSIBILITIES

Fire Chief or Assistant Fire Chief:

The Fire Chief or Assistant Fire Chief may hold daily briefings in order to communicate activities of all assigned officers.

Battalion/Division Chief’s Responsibilities:

In the event of a line of duty death, the on-duty Battalion Chief(s) shall:

• Notify the Fire Chief, Asst. Chief, PIO, off duty Battalion Chiefs, Police Department.
• Secure the scene of the incident with the assistance of Police Department personnel.
• Direct the PIO and 911 Dispatch Center to withhold release of personal data relating to the members death, pending notification of next of kin.
• Gather all information concerning the incident and circumstances leading to the death.
• Assign personnel from Fire Administration to assemble as much personal data as possible concerning the deceased. Particular information needed includes: Name, Date of Birth, File Photo, Marital Status, Dependents and Name(s) and Address(s) of next of kin.
• Assign a Chief Officer, as soon as possible, to secure the personal effects of the deceased and deliver them to Fire Administration.
• Assign a Hospital Liaison Officer to go to the hospital where the injured/deceased firefighter(s) are sent.
• Coordinate with other Battalion Chiefs to arrange for other personnel to relieve crews on the scene and provide personnel with counseling if needed.
• Preserve any equipment, turnouts and SCBA used by injured or deceased firefighters for the investigation.
• Preserve all tactical worksheets, video and/or audio tapes for the investigation.

Hospital Liaison Officer(s) – goes directly to the receiving hospital(s) and maintains a liaison with the hospital staff, PIOs, Fire Administration and the Fire Ground Commander.

Responsibilities – until relieved:

1. Update Command of any significant information relating to the patient’s condition.
2. Assure that no press releases are made.
3. Collect all personal articles of the firefighter, should pronouncement of his/her death occur.
4. Assure *blood gases are drawn as soon as possible.

*Note: Refer to U.S. Department of Justice-Line of Duty Death concerning disposition of blood gases. In order for a firefighter’s surviving dependents to receive the Federal Public Safety Officer’s Benefit, certain tests must be made before death, or at the time of death.

It is necessary to obtain a complete blood toxicology report primarily concerning blood alcohol and Carbon Monoxide levels. In ANY death, even those involving a non-traumatic injury, such as a heart attack, it is also necessary to obtain a complete blood toxicology report as stated above.

A copy of the autopsy must be provided and if no autopsy was performed, an affidavit stating one was not performed must be provided.

Public Information Officer – should be appointed as soon as possible if assignedPIO’s are not readily available.

Responsibilities –

1. Attempt to collect all the facts of the incident as it occurred.
2. Make contact with 911 Dispatch (Do not use the radio):
   A. Fill them in on the situation.
   B. Instruct them not to issue any statements to the media or anyone else. All information to the media/public will be released through the PIO.
   C. Advise them they will be receiving a written news release as soon as next of kin has been notified.

3. Begin to collect all pertinent and personal information on the victim(s).
4. Keep in contact with Hospital Liaison Officer(s) on status of injured firefighter(s).
5. Provide Notification Officer with the information needed prior to making contact with the next of kin.
6. Begin to prepare a written press release. (see example below)
7. Under no circumstances should a press release be issued until next of kin notification can be made and the proper authority has been given to issue the news release. (See Notification Officer).

EXAMPLE PRESS RELEASE:

"The Fire Chief regrets to announce the death of (rank), (name) who died in the line of duty." A brief description of the circumstances will follow.

Notification Officer(s) – The Fire Chief or Assistant Fire Chief are responsible for the notification of the next of kin. Other Officer(s) including the JFD Chaplain may be assigned to assist with the notification; the specific assignment of this duty will be made by the Fire Chief. Prompt and judicious notification of the next of kin is the utmost importance in the case of a line of duty death.

Notification shall be made by an official representative of the Fire Department through personal contact if possible. The official notification serves to assure the next of kin of the validity of the information and to provide a knowledgeable source of information concerning the death.

Responsibilities –

The Notification Officer is responsible for making contact with the next of kin. This shall be done in person whenever possible. This official notification must be made before any details of a death are released to the news media.

The Notification Officer should be prepared to assist the next of kin with the immediate emotional trauma associated with the notification. The JFD Chaplain, a friend of the family or other clergy members may be of valuable assistance at this time. The Notification Officer should be prepared to stay with the next of kin until a family member or friend arrives, or as long as requested.

The Notification Officer Shall:

1. Wear department uniform (if time permits) and have official JFD ID Card in their possession.
2. Assign a Fire Department member to accompany him/her, also in uniform.
3. Familiarize themselves with the circumstances of the death and the personal data concerning the deceased before making the notification. (Contact PIO).
4. Determine if the family has a particular person, specifically a close family member and/or department member, to act as Family Liaison Officer.
5. Once notification has been made, the Notification Officer will advise the Fire Chief or his representative, Incident Commander, and the Public Information Officer. An official announcement may then be made and details may be released to the news media.

**Family Liaison Officer:** The Fire Chief will appoint a Family Liaison Officer(s) to work in conjunction with the family providing liaison 24 hours a day as a logistical contact and maintain constant communication with the Fire Chief or his representative.

To provide a sense of continuity and familiarity for the surviving family, it may be advantageous in some cases for the Notification Officer to assume the duties of the Family Liaison Officer. The Family Liaison Officer is a special staff assignment. As a direct representative of the Fire Chief, the Family Liaison Officer will receive the full cooperation of the entire Fire Department. The Family Liaison Officer will report directly to the Fire Chief or his representative.

The Family Liaison Officer is responsible for the management of several important activities. The principle concern is the ongoing welfare of the next of kin. The Family Liaison Officer will render whatever assistance is necessary to settle the personal affairs of the deceased member and assist the next of kin and immediate family through the crisis. In incidents involving multiple deaths, more than one Family Liaison Officer shall be assigned.

*In all cases, the level of Fire Department participation with the funeral arrangements will be at the discretion of the surviving family.* In incidents involving multiple deaths, planning funeral arrangements between the surviving families will require the assignment of more than one officer.

**PERIOD OF MOURNING**

Immediately after the public announcement, all flags at Fire stations will be lowered to half-mast and all badges will be shrouded. Flags will remain at half-mast until the day following the funeral, and badge shrouds will be worn for 30 days after the funeral.

**EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION INFORMATION**

The Emergency Notification Form is a confidential record, completed by members of the Department. The form provides the JFD with emergency numbers and other information for accidents involving a member of the Department, and will remain confidential for all other purposes.

*Each employee will be asked to complete a form at the time of original employment with the Department. Updates to the information may also be made at any time by sending the revised information to the administration office.*

*Members of the Fire Department should list at least two people to contact in case of emergency. These should include immediate family members, close friends and preferred clergy*
members, if any. This information should include work addresses and phone numbers where applicable. The form should also contain information of the member’s hospital preference and his/her blood type.

208.01 Line of Duty Death Investigation

As soon as possible after a line of duty death has occurred, the Fire Chief shall assign an Investigation Team to conduct an investigation of the circumstances of the event. The objective of this team shall be to thoroughly analyze and document the events leading to the death and to make recommendations aimed at preventing similar occurrences in the future.

This procedure may also be utilized in the event of a serious accident involving Fire Department personnel that may or may not have resulted in death or injuries.

The principal goal of the Investigation Team shall be to identify the causal factors pertaining to the event and to recommend actions that would prevent or reduce the risk of a similar event.

A secondary objective shall be to obtain, document and secure evidence, which may be a factor in any regulatory actions or litigation resulting from the incident.

The Investigation Team report shall be separate and distinct from any Fire Cause Investigation. A copy of the Fire Investigation report should be included in the final report package.

The Investigation Team report and all related documentation shall be an internal Fire Department administrative report.

The investigation of incidents involving death or serious injury to Fire Department members shall be directed by an officer designated by the Fire Chief. The Investigation Team shall report to the Fire Chief through the designated Team Leader, who shall be responsible for the management of the investigative process.

The Investigative Team shall include as many personnel as may be required by the specific circumstances of the event.

All members of the Fire Department shall give their full and complete cooperation to the Investigation Team.

The duties and responsibilities of the Investigation Team shall include:

- Gathering and analysis of all physical evidence relating to the event.
- Written interview summaries of all witnesses with direct or indirect knowledge of the circumstances.
- Documentation of radio traffic, telephone conversations, witness statements, photographs, film, videotape and related information.
• Consultation with persons having special knowledge of the factors involved in the incident, including experts and consultants from the private sector.
• Liaison with other agencies involved in investigation of the incident.
• Development of a full written report on the incident, including conclusions and recommendations.

The Investigation Team Leader shall establish and maintain an ongoing liaison with the City Attorney and Human Resource Department relating to the investigation. The Investigation Team shall coordinate its activities with Fire Investigations to avoid interference in any criminal investigation relating to the incident.

It is the policy of the Fire Department to cooperate fully with all other governmental agencies having legal cause to be involved in the investigation of a Line of Duty Death incident and to cooperate voluntarily with organizations working in the areas of fire service occupational safety and health education and training.

Other governmental agencies that may be involved in an investigation include:

- United States Fire Administration
- National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
- Law Enforcement Agencies
- State Fire Marshal
- Arkansas Department of Labor

The participation of these agencies shall be at their own discretion, depending on the circumstances of the particular incident. These agencies may or may not produce their own reports of the incident with recommendations or corrective actions. These reports do not supersede or substitute for the Investigation Team Report.

The Investigation Team shall utilize the resources of individuals and agencies outside the Fire Department to assist in the investigation and/or provide technical consultation when necessary. These resources include:

- National Fire Protection Association
- International Association of Fire Fighters
- Arkansas State Crime Lab
- Consultants

**DOCUMENTATION**

The Investigation Team shall ensure that the scene of the incident is fully documented, including diagrams, photographs and observations.
When feasible, all witness interviews shall be recorded and/or transcribed. When recording and/or transcription is not feasible, the investigator’s notes of the interview shall be filed.

THE INVESTIGATION TEAM SHALL

1. Obtain and secure tapes and printouts of telephone and radio conversations and CAD transactions relating to the incident. The pertinent aspects of the radio and telephone tapes shall be transcribed.
2. Gather and document any physical evidence relating to the incident. Physical evidence shall be secured and labeled.
3. Obtain, examine and secure all protective clothing and equipment used by the personnel involved in the incident. The performance of the protective clothing and equipment shall be included in the report of the incident.
4. Review and comment on the application of Standard Operating Policies and Guidelines to the incident, the observance of procedures, their effect on the situation and recommendations for changes, additions or deletions.
5. Attempt to obtain any photographs, videotape or other information relating to the incident from news media or other sources. Such evidence shall be obtained with the agreement that it is to be used only for investigative and educational purposes.
6. Interact and cooperate with Fire Investigators and law enforcement personnel in their activities related to the incident.
7. When feasible, the Investigation Team shall obtain copies of autopsy reports, medical treatment records, injury reports and other information relating to the members involved in the incident.
8. The Fire Chief shall determine the schedule and method of presentation for the final report of the Investigation Team.

NOTIFICATION LIST

U.S. FIRE ADMINISTRATION/NATIONAL FIRE ACADEMY Notify the U. S. Administration (USFA) and the National Fire Academy (NFA) by telephone in the event of a firefighter “Line of Duty Death” so they may lower the flags over the Fallen Firefighters’ Memorial in respect.

- USFA at 301-447-1272 8:30 – 5:00 EST Monday – Friday
  Or
- NFA at 301-447-1123 8:30 – 5:00 EST Monday – Friday
  Or
- 301-447-1000 (Security Office) after working hours.


Call with the following information:
1. Deceased Name, Occupation and Title
2. Widow/widower’s name
3. Names and DOB of Children
4. Widow/Widowers mailing address
5. Fire Chief’s Name
6. Name and Address of Contact Person
7. Description of Incident

Public Safety Officers’ Benefit Program
Bureau of Justice Assistance
Washington, D.C. 20531
202-307-0635 or Toll Free 888-744-6513 (8:30 to 5:00 Monday – Friday EST)
Upon receipt of the above information by the Department of Justice, forms will be forwarded to
the Fire Department for completion.

In order for a firefighter’s surviving dependents to receive the Federal Public Safety Officer’s
Benefit Act, certain tests must be made before death, or at the time of death. The PSOB Act
pays $339,110.00 as of Oct. 1, 2014 (This amount is adjusted each October and is based on the
Consumer Price Index) if the death is the direct and proximate result of a traumatic injury
sustained in the line of duty.

1. It is necessary to obtain a complete blood toxicology report primarily concerning blood
alcohol and Carbon Monoxide levels.
2. In cases involving a non-traumatic injury, such as a heart attack, it is also necessary to
obtain a complete blood toxicology report as stated above. It is imperative that they
receive an accurate toxicology report to complete benefit payments.
3. A copy of the autopsy must be provided and if no autopsy was performed, an affidavit
stating one was not performed must be provided. If a firefighter is injured to the point
of permanent disability, he/she is eligible for a one time lump sum payment equal to the
current benefit listed above provided they meet the following criteria:

   • They are totally disabled and will never be able to hold another job.
   • They receive the maximum benefit from their primary workmen’s compensation
     claim.
   • They are released from the Fire Department.
208.02 FUNERAL SERVICE PRACTICES GUIDELINE

I. SCOPE

This standard establishes guidelines and procedures that will help ensure proper honors are rendered in the death of Active, Retired and Affiliated Personnel of the Jonesboro Fire Department.

During the entire funeral process, the department must consider the deceased member’s family’s wishes.

Before any plan is instituted, the deceased members family must agree with the department’s intended participation. The family may choose to forego the suggested and appropriate level of honor services; however, family should not influence an inappropriate increase of the level of honor services.

II. OBJECTIVES

To promote the honor and respect for the fallen firefighter to establish criteria for each type of funeral: Class I, Class II & Class III to establish criteria as to whom these honors are rendered.

III. CLASSIFICATIONS

Class I Line of Duty Death (LODD)

This is the highest level of ceremony. It is reserved for firefighters who die as a result of a line of duty incident or direct job related event. LODD is classified as a member who is killed at the scene of an emergency incident or killed while responding to or returning from the scene of an incident. This may include members whose death has stemmed from injuries or illness directly sustained during active duty. This may include heart attack, and strokes.

Class II Non-Line of Duty Death (Active/Retired Members)

This level of service is available to active and retired member, but the death was not job or duty related.

Class III Affiliated Personnel

This level of service is available for the death of dignitaries, family of active/retired members and friends of the fire service.

See Appendix B-5 for Funeral service Details
209.00 PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER

Purpose

It is the Fire Department’s policy to maintain a positive working relationship with the news media and to keep the public informed of fire department activities and operations and of procedures that can save lives and property through the media. This guideline defines the manner in which interaction with the news media will occur.

Large incidents or incidents involving injury or death to firefighters, the general public or other special events or activities should be coordinated with the city’s Director of Communications.

Policy

At some emergency incidents, a public information officer will be appointed under the formal incident command system. Performing this action allows for the following:

This ensures timely and accurate dissemination of emergency information to the public regarding actions necessary for public protection such as evacuation during a hazardous materials incident. It helps to ensure the safety of the news media at emergency operations. It keeps reporters and photographers from interfering with emergency operations.

In addition to providing an information function at emergency incidents, it shall be the responsibility of the Public Information Officer to:

- Provide effective fire and accident prevention information to the public.
- Respond to special inquiries about the fire department.
- Report incident logs to media outlets.
- Manage special affairs, events, and public displays.
- Maintain a positive image of the fire department.

Incident Public Information Release

1. To prevent the release of incomplete or conflicting information, only one person within the Department shall release information on an incident, or coordination shall occur among those releasing information.
2. The Div. Chief of Training serves as the Department’s primary Public Information Officer (PIO). When he/she is not available to handle news media inquiries, an alternate member of the Command Staff will be designated to serve as PIO.
3. The Battalion Chief/Incident Commander (IC) may release incident information to the news media if the PIO is not available or assigned to the incident. The BC should perform this duty whenever possible and not delegate it to lower ranking officer.
4. The Battalion Chief will be responsible for providing interviews and information as soon as other duties permit. This includes responding to reporters at the scene and to inquiries from the news media.
5. The PIO is responsible for updating the media on the status of investigations and other incidents. For major incidents, such as multi-alarm fires, a fire fatality, accident involving a fire department vehicle or other non-routine event, the PIO or other member of the Command Staff shall be notified and will handle dissemination of information to the news media in coordination with the Battalion Chief or Incident Commander.

Multi-Agency Operations

When there are multiple agencies responding to an incident, The JFD will release only information related to its operations.

1. At fires, rescues and hazardous materials incidents, where the JFD has primary responsibility, the JFD will release information. Exception: When another agency is responsible for investigation of a fire, such as for fires that occur outside the city limits, inquiries related to the fire’s cause and the investigation shall be referred to the investigating agency.

2. Concerning information on incidents in which the JFD does not have primary responsibility, all questions shall be referred to the primary agencies, such as JPD or State Police. If a media representative wants information from the JFD, only information regarding the fire department’s actions shall be released. Speculation and opinion shall not be released on ANY incident.

3. At major incidents involving multiple agencies, the JFD Public Information Officer will coordinate with other agencies’ PIOs on the release of information.

Approved Information for Media Dissemination

Unless otherwise authorized by the JFD PIO or the Chief of Department, information provided to the news media will be limited to that which is normally recorded on the NFIRS report.

Any medical Information is considered to be a personal medical record and cannot be released due to HIPPA.

The names of suspects of crimes including but not limited to arson and false alarms and the names of juveniles charged with a crime shall not be recorded on the NFIRS report and may not be released. Adults arrested for crimes related to an incident can be recorded and can be released in coordination with the fire investigator.

The PIO will NOT release the names of injured or deceased victims, including (JFD personnel) until the next of kin have been notified. Notification shall be made by an official representative of the JFD, through personal contact if possible.

When the cause of a fire and information related to it is still being sought, no speculation shall be given. The cause shall be released as “Under Investigation”. When the cause and related information is determined and can be recorded on the incident report, then it can be released
to the news media. Speculating on the cause of a fire before an investigation is complete can undermine the investigation and can discredit the Fire Department. Where fires are under investigation, suspicious or determined to be arson, release of information related to the cause shall be coordinated with the Fire Investigator.

The IC or the designated PIO will be responsible for coordinating activities of the news media at incidents. The media will be free to work around the perimeter of an incident provided there is no personal risk, but shall only enter an incident area when accompanied by the PIO or by another representative of the JFD assigned by the PIO. Fire line tape, police officers and other security measures will be used to secure the area as needed.

Tours of an incident area by the news media are encouraged to provide more accurate information. Tours must meet the following conditions:

1. The PIO and IC authorize the tour.
2. The media is supervised while in the area.
3. The areas toured are safe.
4. Media representatives are not in an area that will interfere with operations or the investigation of the incident.
5. On private property, the property owner, or occupant or his/her representative agree to a tour.

Unless otherwise authorized, any information about the Fire Department, its operations and personnel, shall be released only by the Chief of Department or the department PIO. Information released shall be in accordance with the Arkansas Freedom of Information Act and the City’s Public Information Policy.

Public Information Officer Notification

The JFD PIO may be notified of all news media contacts except for basic incident information provided by fire department officers.

The PIO may be notified of the following incidents:
- Multi-alarm fires
- Technical rescue events
- Large Hazardous Materials incidents
- Any incidents requiring a dedicated PIO to manage on scene media representatives

It will be the responsibility of the Fire Chief or Assistant Fire Chief to contact the Mayor and other city staff of any incident requiring their notification.

See Appendix B-7 PIO Media Worksheet
210.00 PHYSICAL FITNESS PROGRAM

OVERVIEW

The basic duties of a firefighter require above average levels of fitness. The fire service, by its very nature, includes risks of injury and disease. The exposure to hazardous situations, the immediate demand to perform at peak physical capabilities, and the present stress all contribute to the risk of an injury. The old adage of "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure" is of great significance in the Fire Service. It is the Jonesboro Fire Department's belief, that the most beneficial and effective means to prevent injury is to follow standard safety procedures and increase the fitness levels through a comprehensive fitness program.

A statement that should be the foundation of any fitness program is entitled, "Pursuit of Excellence."

“As individuals, we do not begin life with equal innate capacities for mental or physical achievement. Consequently, we cannot pursue excellence in physical fitness on an absolute scale; everyone should, however, strive for the highest level of fitness within the limitations of his or her own physical potential.”

THAT IS THE TRUE GOAL OF THIS PROGRAM!

GOALS

The Department’s commitment combined with an equal commitment by each member will ensure that the goals of the program are realized.

The goals of the program are:

- Ensure that members have the physical attributes required for the proper performance of their duties.
- To reduce the frequency and severity of injuries and illness.
- To extend the health and longevity of department members.

The basic duties of a firefighter require above average levels of fitness. The tasks that firefighters are faced with on the fire ground are extremely demanding physically. These tasks are usually performed without any warm-up and under environmentally hostile conditions. This set of circumstances is conducive to a very high risk of injury. If injuries are going to be reduced, the capacity to endure the physical demands of fire fighting must be increased. Regular physical fitness activities are very important to the total well-being of the firefighters. Participating in them not only helps to reduce injuries; it also increases strength and stamina, keeps our minds alert and releases various forms of personal stress.
It is recognized that the state of being physically fit is more important than the actual program we follow to attain that fitness. Therefore, a considerable amount of discretion is allowed in selecting a physical activity from a large menu of options. However, it is imperative that we manage our participation, discipline our actions and follow our personal training goals and objectives. Equally as important is the need to follow a few specific guidelines concerning company participation in all of our physical training activities.

ACCEPTABLE ACTIVITIES

The Company Officer, with the approval of their Battalion Chief, regulates the type of activities pursued. It is the Company Officer's responsibility to ensure that fitness activities are consistent with guidelines presented in this manual and that they are performed in a manner that minimizes possible injuries.

While the Company Officer is responsible for the daily oversight of fitness training, it should be noted that each individual is responsible for obeying safe practices and all rules of the workout area being used. Any injuries and/or accidents shall be reported to employee’s immediate supervisor and all proper documentation shall be completed.

Physical fitness programs should include activities to improve aerobic fitness, flexibility, body composition, muscular strength and endurance. They should be non-contact activity pursued in a safe manner. Recommended fitness programs may include, but are not limited to, resistance training, functional training, circuit training and group fitness training.

All fire personnel are required to respond to emergency calls during fitness training times, unless previously cleared through a Chief Officer. Members are not to exceed their personal limitations which could prevent or in any way hinder their immediate response to an emergency.

LOCATION

The Jonesboro Fire Department maintains workout facilities at Station 2 & 3. Companies must coordinate/schedule workout times with their Battalion Chief in order to maintain adequate protection for their response district. Individuals are also encouraged to use these facilities while off duty.

ATTIRE

The Physical Fitness Program is an in-service activity and requires that department issued P.T. uniforms are worn. P.T. uniforms consist of department issued logo shorts, T-shirt. P.T. uniforms are inappropriate on incidents scenes and standard uniforms and/or protective clothing must be worn on incidents when responding from physical fitness activities.
SUMMARY

The program focuses on results, providing maximum support to the individual’s effort to achieve and maintain acceptable levels of physical fitness.

210.01 PHYSICAL FITNESS EVALUATION

I. PHYSICAL FITNESS EVALUATION

The “Physical Fitness Evaluation” will be conducted annually for all members of the Jonesboro Fire Department, excluding members assigned to administration staff & non-uniformed employees. The purpose is to evaluate the overall physical readiness of the JFD and to insure the individual fitness level of each member meets the minimum fitness requirements of the department.

II. PROCEDURES FOR THE PHYSICAL FITNESS EVALUATION

The Physical Fitness Evaluation will be given annually to evaluate and monitor the fitness levels and progression of members. The evaluation will be set with a minimum of 90 days notice.

See Appendix – “B-8” for complete description of the “Physical Fitness Evaluation”

III. GUIDELINES OF THE PHYSICAL AGILITY EVALUATION

Any member who fails to meet the minimum requirements will be subject to the following guidelines. A fitness re-evaluation will be administered every 90 days up to and including the 4th fitness evaluation. If the requirements are met, the firefighter will resume normal duty and all requirements/restrictions will be removed.

1st Re-Evaluation Period

Documented counseling session and given 90 days notice for next evaluation.

2nd Re-Evaluation Period

Written Reprimand, counseling session, and will participate in mandatory workouts every shift. Given 90 days notice for next evaluation.

3rd Re-Evaluation Period
24 hour suspension without pay, placed on probation, counseling session, continued workout program. Given 90 days notice for next evaluation.

4th Re-Evaluation Period

If after a fourth re-evaluation a member is unable to pass the minimum requirements, an assessment/review of their position and continued employment with the Jonesboro Fire Department will be made.

Notes: The following is not a complete list of possible changes/exceptions to the overall program; other adjustments may be made at the administrations discretion.

- Evaluation dates and time may be adjusted based on weather conditions or other circumstances.
- Any member who is unavailable to participate because of injury/illness, vacation, sick leave, standby or any other excused reasons, will take the evaluation at a date/time set by the administration.
- Mandatory shift workouts may be waived on a shift-by-shift basis at the Battalion Chief’s discretion.
- Members of the administrative staff are encouraged to participate in the program. Any member who does not meet the minimum standards will not be eligible to work standby’s on shift or overtime.
- Any member of the administrative staff who is moved back to a shift/line position will be required to meet the minimum standards.
- If a member fails the evaluation they may retry at any time in the 90 day period. They do not have to wait the full 90 days.
- A member may retry as many times as needed in the 90 day period.
- A member must meet the minimum requirements by the end of the 90 day period or it will count as an additional failure and will be subject to the next step in the re-evaluation process.
EMERGENCY RESPONSE & FIREFIELD OPERATIONS

SECTION 300
300.00  APPARATUS RESPONSE FOR EMERGENCIES

1. The fire department shall respond to dispatched alarms as follows:

   A. **Automatic Alarm:**
      1 Engine Company code 3 response (see SOG 300.02)

   B. **Aircraft Alarm:**
      a. Alert 1 (on-site): Aircraft standby, unconfirmed emergency.
         1 engine Company
      b. Alert 2 (on-site): Confirmed aircraft emergency which may result in crash.
         2 engines, 1 truck, 1 tanker, 2 Battalion Chiefs, 1 EMS
      c. Alert 3 (on-site): Aircraft down on airport property
         2 engines, 1 truck, 1 tanker, 2 Battalion Chiefs, 1 EMS
      d. Alert 3 (off-site): Aircraft down off airport property
         2 engines, 2 trucks, 2 Battalion Chiefs

   C. **Bomb Threat:**
      1 Engine Company code 1 response

   D. **Brush/Grass/Fire:**
      1 Engine Company code 3 response

   E. **Building Collapse:**
      1 Engine Co., 1 truck, 2 Battalion Chiefs, SORT Team (called as needed), EMS code 3 response

   F. **Burn Complaint/Controlled Burns:**
      1 Engine Company code 1 response

   G. **Carbon Monoxide:**
      1 Engine Company code 3 or 1 response (see SOG 301.08)

   H. **Confined Space Rescue:**
      1 Engine Company, 1 truck, 2 Battalion Chiefs, SORT Team (called as needed)
      Code 3 response

   I. **Electrical Equipment Arcing** (outside a structure):
      1 Engine Company code 3 response

   J. **First Responder/EMS:**
      1 Engine Company code 3
K. **Hazardous Materials:**
   - Initial dispatch - 1 Engine Company, 1 Battalion Chief, code 3 response
   - Confirmed Hazmat - 1 Engine Company, 1 Hazmat, 2 Battalion Chiefs, Hazmat Team (called as needed), EMS, code 3 response

L. **High Rise/Elevator Rescue:**
   1 Engine Company, 1 truck, 1 Battalion Chief, SORT Team (call as needed), code 3 response

M. **Lock-in:** includes child locked in vehicle
   1 Engine Company code 3 response

N. **Mutual Aid:**
   Respond as City and County Mutual Aid agreement code 3 response

O. **MVA w/injury**
   Respond 1 Engine Company w/EMS code 3 response

P. **MVA Extrication/Rescue**
   a. **Inside City:** Respond 1 Engine Company, 1 Truck Company, 1 Battalion Chief, code 3 response
   b. **Outside City:** Respond nearest Truck Company. Battalion Chief may elect to respond an engine company with truck based on dispatch information, code 3 response

Q. **Natural Gas Emergencies:**
   1 Engine Company code 3 response

R. **Structure Fire; Commercial/Residential:**
   3 Engine Companies, 2 Trucks companies, 2 Battalion Chiefs, code 3 response

S. **Severe Weather Response:**
   1 Engine company, investigate location unless there is specific information for actual type incident. IE: Structure fire, trees on structures or vehicles with people trapped, or other type rescue, etc. Code 1 or 3 response based on information received

T. **Trench Rescue:**
   1 Engine Company, 1 truck, 2 Battalion Chiefs, SORT Team (called as needed), code 3 response

U. **Vehicle Accidents Cleanup:**
   1 Engine Company, code 1 response
V. **Vehicle Fire**: 1 Engine Company, code 3 response

### 300.01 EMERGENCY RESPONSE DRIVING

1. **Definitions**:
   - Code 1: No lights or sirens, however apparatus shall respond immediately and not permit delays while obeying all traffic laws.
   - Code 2: (Use sparingly) Red lights and sirens through intersections or to clear unusually slow traffic, otherwise all traffic laws will be observed.
   - Code 3: Red lights and sirens ran constantly till arrival at scene allowing permission to pass traffic and cross through clear intersections.

2. **Basic operations**
   - A. Seat belts are required at all times while riding in any vehicle owned and operated by the City of Jonesboro and the Fire Department (see SOG 112.01).
   - B. At no time shall a vehicle be moved until all riders are seated properly in the seats and firmly belted in. *Standing or riding tailboard while the vehicle is in motion is strictly prohibited.*
   - C. Wheel chocks shall be used anytime an apparatus is parked outside of the fire station.
   - D. When responding to an emergency always drive in the left hand portion of the farthest left lane and always pass on the left.
   - E. Apparatus responding Code 3 shall drive with due regard and never exceed a speed which is safe, reasonable and proper for existing road conditions taking into consideration traffic, weather, construction, etc.

3. **Intersections**
   - A. When approaching an intersection always overtake vehicles on the left, even if planning on making a right hand turn.
   - B. When entering an intersection against a red light, stop before entering the crosswalk and make sure traffic has stopped and it is clear to proceed.
   - C. When entering an intersection with a green light always pass on the left and slow your speed down coming into and throughout the intersection to no more than the posted speed limit or slower as dictated.

### 300.02 RESPONSE TO MONITORED ALARMS (AUTOMATIC ALARMS)

1. **Basic operational approach**
   - A. Basic response is 1 Engine Company responding code 3. If the call indicates in any way
to be an actual fire a full alarm will be dispatched.

B. After arrival the Engine Company can upgrade or downgrade the alarm response.

C. While responding, if more information is received from dispatch confirming it to be a false alarm the Engine Company will slow to a code 1 response. (NOTE: The phrase “Slow you roll” is not an appropriate response)

300.03 EMERGENCY RESPONSE BY STAFF PERSONNEL

1. Staff personnel may respond to an incident when available to do so. In the event of a multiple alarm incident staff personnel may respond at their discretion, as needed or as requested.

301.00 INITIAL APPARATUS RESPONSE ACTIVITIES FOR RESIDENTIAL & COMMERCIAL ALARMS

1. Residential Fire
   A. First in unit shall give size up, establish and name command and announce initial actions.
   B. First in Engine Company will proceed to scene even if another piece of equipment that is not an engine has arrived first. Consideration for ladder operations shall be taken into account when placing the apparatus at the scene.
   C. Second in Engine Company responsibilities are to establish and maintain a constant water supply.
   D. Third in Engine Company shall report to the IC in full PPE for assignment
   E. First in Truck Company shall position at the scene along with first in engine company and prepare for:
      a. Search & rescue operations.
      b. Ventilation operations.
      c. Ladder pipe operations.
      d. Assignments as directed by IC.
   F. Second in Truck Company priorities are:
      a. RIT.
      b. Lay their own line for fire attack.
      c. Prepare to place ladder in position for rescue operations.
      d. Assignments as directed by IC.
   G. Additional arriving companies should announce arrival, position and await assignment from IC

2. Commercial Fire
   A. First in unit shall give size up, establish and name command and announce initial actions.
B. First in Engine Company will proceed to scene even if another piece of equipment that is not an engine has arrived first. Consideration for ladder operations shall be taken into account when placing the apparatus at the scene.
C. Second in Engine Company responsibilities are to establish and maintain a constant water supply.
D. Third in Engine Company shall prepare to connect to the sprinkler/standpipe system. If the building does not have a FDC then report to IC in full PPE for assignment.
E. First in Truck Company shall position at the scene along with first in Engine Company and prepare for:
   a. Search & rescue operations
   b. Ventilation operations
   c. Ladder pipe operations
   d. Assignments as directed by IC

Considerations should be given to the fact that truck company may need to set up in a different location as directed by the IC and may have to lay their own line.

F. Second in Truck Company priorities are:
   a. RIT.
   b. Lay their own line for fire attack.
   c. Prepare to place ladder in position for rescue operations.
   d. Assignment as directed by IC.
G. Additional arriving companies should announce arrival and position and await assignment from IC

3. Special considerations

A. Five (5) inch supply line is the standard line for commercial and residential structural fires.
B. When pumping into sprinkler system pump at a minimum of 150 psi.
C. When pumping into a standpipe system; PDP should include nozzle pressure + friction loss of hose lay + elevation to achieve a minimum of 150 GPM at the nozzle(s)
   a. JFD High Rise Pak nozzles are 50 PSI/150 GPM
   b. Elevation pressure is calculated at 5 PSI for every floor (Rule of Thumb)

301.01 HIGH RISE FIRE ALARMS

A high rise structure is defined as any multi-story building that exceeds 30 feet or more.

1. Engine Company Initial Responsibility:

   A. First in unit shall give size up, establish and name command and announce initial actions. If upon arrival there is smoke or fire showing then consider calling for a second alarm based on initial observations during size up.
B. First in Engine Company will proceed to scene even if another piece of equipment that is not an engine has arrived first. Consideration for ladder operations shall be taken into account when placing the apparatus at the scene.

C. First in Engine Company shall take high rise packs and forcible entry tools when they enter to investigate the source of alarm. If smoke or fire is found when investigating then consider calling for a second alarm, based on situation found.

D. Second in Engine Company responsibilities are to establish and maintain a constant water supply either through standpipe/sprinkler system or as directed by IC.

E. Third in Engine Company shall proceed to first in company in full PPE with tools and equipment or as directed by IC.

2. Truck Company Initial Responsibility.

A. First in Truck Company shall position at the scene along with first in Engine Company and prepare for:
   A. Search & rescue operations.
   B. Ventilation operations.
   C. Ladder pipe operations.
   D. Assignments as directed by IC.

   Considerations should be given to the fact that truck company may need to set up in a different location as directed by IC and may have to lay their own line.

B. Second in Truck Company priorities are:
   A. RIT.
   B. Lay their own line for fire attack.
   C. Prepare to place ladder in position for rescue operations.
   D. Assignments as directed by IC.

3. Evacuation priority

   A. First evacuation priority is the fire floor.
   B. Second is two floors above fire floor.
   C. Third is two floors below fire floor.

Fires are not static or textbook in behavior, nor are the actions of victims. The priorities above are guidelines and may be adjusted on the actual fire ground based on fire ground conditions, weather, wind, etc, along with the actions of trapped victims.

4. Resource area

   A. Resource Division should be established two floors below the fire floor if possible.
   B. A Resource Division Chief shall be appointed and established by the Incident Commander. This Resource Division Chief or his staff shall keep up with all manpower and equipment resources and coordinate activities with the Officer on the fire floor.
C. As firefighters are assigned to the resource area they shall carry tools and equipment up with them.
D. Rehab for firefighters on elevated floors may be set up in the resource area two floors below the fire floor if possible.

5. Stairways and elevators - when a working fire is suspected:

A. Utilize stairways to upper floors if possible
B. Elevators may be used provided the following measures have been taken:
   - Elevator shaft is free of heat, fire or smoke and has not been damaged by such.
   - The nearest enclosed stairway has already been identified for escape.
   - Verify that the floor traveling to is not the fire floor by using elevator/firefighter service features.
   - Engage the elevator’s emergency operations.
   - Take the elevator to the floor two (2) floors below the suspected fire floor.
   - Be prepared to immediately close the elevator door if fire or smoke is visible when the elevator door opens.
   - Have a dry chemical extinguisher in the elevator for emergencies.
   - Be aware not to overload the elevator if using to transport equipment.

301.02 VEHICLE FIRE ALARMS

1. Basic operational approach

A. Arriving Engine Company will give size up, establish and name command, and announce intended action.
B. If a unit besides an engine is first to arrive, the engine will still proceed to the scene.
C. Fire extinguishment can be accomplished by using a dry chemical extinguisher if the fire is small.
D. If fire is large enough to warrant pulling a line, then a minimum of a 1 ¾ inch hand line shall be pulled. *Booster lines shall not be used on vehicle fires for initial attack at any time.*
E. Caution should be used when spotting apparatus on or near roadways. Park the apparatus in such a way that it protects the firefighters from oncoming traffic. Call JPD for traffic control. See SOG 305.02 APPARATUS ROADWAY OPERATION & SAFETY

301.03 COMMERCIAL VEHICLE FIRE ALARMS

1. Basic operational approach

A. When responding to alarms in commercial cargo area of the vehicle exercise caution.
B. When smoke or fire is present in the cab forward proceed with normal firefighting strategies and tactics for vehicle fires (SOG 301.02). Exposure of the cargo area is a
primary concern with this type of incident.
C. When smoke or fire is coming from the cargo area of a commercial vehicle then consider the possibility of hazardous materials being involved. A Hazmat response may be needed based on observations such as placards, type of cargo etc. Call for Hazmat response when conditions dictate
D. First in unit or Engine Company should approach from upwind direction if possible and use binoculars to assess the scene before approaching giving size up, establish and name command, and announce intended action.
E. Locate placards on cargo area or trailer.
F. Get bill of lading or shipping papers from driver if possible.
H. Request weather information from dispatch
I. Notify other agencies for assistance:
   a. Office of Emergency Services
   b. JPD, Sheriff’s Department and Arkansas State Police
   c. Arkansas Department of Environmental Management
   d. Shipper and Manufacturer
J. Follow the Hazardous Material SOG section 400

301.04 VEHICLE RESCUE

1. Initial response for vehicle rescue from dispatch will consist of 1 Engine Company, 1 Truck Company, and Battalion Chief. The Battalion Chief at his/her discretion may increase this response based on information of the incoming call.
2. The first arriving Company shall give size up, establish and name command, and announce intended action.
3. The first arriving Company shall return all other companies as soon as it is apparent that they will not be needed or place them in service where needed.
4. For apparatus placement, See SOG 305.02 APPARATUS ROADWAY OPERATION & SAFETY
5. Mutual Aid response refer to SOG 304.00

301.05 REQUEST FOR WRECKER SERVICE

1. When FD units are the only city officials dispatched to a car fire or any disabled vehicle and a wrecker is needed and owner approves, then request one through dispatch off of the city’s wrecker call list and stay until wrecker arrives.
2. When FD units are dispatched to an MVA, or a vehicle disabled for any reason and the PD is on scene or has been dispatched, leave the wrecker request to PD. If a wrecker has been called then notify PD when they arrive
301.06 GRASS AND BRUSH FIRES

1. Basic operational approach
   A. Initial response for brush fires is one Engine Company. The Battalion Chief may choose to upgrade the response based on information received from dispatch if he/she deems necessary.
   B. First in Company will give size up, establish and name command and announce intended action.
   C. Squad Truck Companies will begin the process of readiness to respond with WAVE unit in the event the Engine Company or Battalion Chief calls for their dispatch.
   D. Squad trucks will respond with the WAVE unit in tow.
   E. Engines should exercise extreme caution when leaving paved or gravel roadways to prevent from getting stuck or damaging their apparatus.
   F. If a structure becomes in danger from the grass or brush fire then a structure alarm shall be called for.

301.07 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RESPONSE

1. Basic operational approach
   A. First in Company will give size up, establish and name command and announce intended action.
   B. First in Company should approach from upwind direction if possible and use binoculars to assess the scene before approaching.
   C. First arriving companies will establish a safe zone and secure the scene until the Hazmat Team has arrived.
   D. Once the Hazmat Team has arrived and taken over Command all other units will be used in support.
   E. Refer to section 400 for additional haz-mat response operations.

301.08 NATURAL GAS EMERGENCIES

1. Incidents with a reported gas leak – no fire or explosion
   A. Arriving Engine Company will give size up, establish and name command, and announce intended action.
   B. Secure scene and approach carefully.
   C. Turn off gas at meter or valve if possible for gas leaking inside of a building. Do not crimp or bend over pipe to stop gas leaking from a pipe.
   D. Call utility company and allow them to stop leak while standing by in ready position.
   E. Evacuate occupants from building if there is any indication of gas accumulation within building. Monitoring of atmosphere should be done throughout the incident.
   F. Shut off power to building from outside meter if gas is leaking inside building.
2. Incidents where the leaking gas is on fire.
   A. Arriving Engine Company will give size up, establish and name command and announce intended action.
   B. Secure scene and approach carefully.
   C. Turn off gas at meter or valve if possible. Do not crimp or bend over pipe to stop gas leaking from a pipe.
   D. Call utility company and allow gas vapors to burn until they arrive if the flames are not impinging on any other combustible items.
   E. Coordinate activities with the utility company to stop leak while standing by in a readiness posture.

3. Incidents where an explosion has occurred.
   A. Arriving Engine Company will give size up, establish and name command and announce intended action.
   B. Secure scene and approach carefully.
   C. Turn off gas at meter or valve if possible if gas still leaking. Do not crimp or bend over pipe to stop gas leaking from a pipe.
   D. Call utility company and allow gas vapors to burn until they arrive if the flames are not impinging on any other combustible items.
   E. Coordinate activities with the utility company to stop leak while standing by in a readiness posture.

4. Other considerations
   A. All personnel working in the vicinity of a known or suspected gas leak shall wear full protective clothing including SCBA.
   B. Personnel working in a suspected ignitable atmosphere (i.e. attempting to shut off a gas line) shall use SCBA and shall be covered by a manned protective hose line.

301.09 CARBON MONOXIDE ALARMS

1. Basic response – determined by information received at dispatch
   A. Carbon monoxide detector activated with occupants complaining of symptoms
      a. Respond 1 Engine Company code 3.
   B. Carbon monoxide detector activated with no medical symptoms of occupants
      b. Respond 1 Engine Company code 1.

2. Basic operational approach
A. Arriving Engine Company will give size up, establish and name command, and announce intended action.
B. Secure scene and approach carefully.
C. Check occupants for signs/symptoms and have EMS dispatched if needed.
D. Monitor building for Carbon monoxide with monitoring equipment.
E. If carbon monoxide level is 9 PPM or greater ventilate building and call utilities as needed. If utility company is called remain on scene until their arrival.
F. Gather information from occupants as to what they were doing to determine what may have caused the carbon monoxide detector to activate.
G. Full protective clothing including SCBA shall be used when surveying a building for CO in any atmosphere in excess of 35 PPM.
H. Advise occupants to not reenter any structure that has a reading of 35 PPM or greater on the monitoring equipment.
I. If source of CO is found, shut off source, ventilate, and inform occupants to have qualified serviceman come and service equipment.

301.10 BOMB THREATS AND EXPLOSIVE DEVICES

1. Basic operational approach

   A. Arriving Engine Company shall spot themselves a safe distance from building or area of concern of an explosive device.
   B. Make contact with law enforcement and remain staged until they give the all clear.
   C. If an explosive device detonates or fire occurs beware of the possibility of a secondary device.
   D. Do not touch any object suspected of being an explosive device.

301.11 WEATHER RELATED RESPONSES

3. Various weather conditions may require the commitment of many fire companies at the same time. The Battalion Chief may instruct dispatch to suspend the normal response guidelines and send fewer fire companies based on the type or nature of incident;

   A. Rescue of trapped persons
   B. Fire
   C. Power or transformer standbys

301.12 FIRST RESPONDER / EMS

1. Jonesboro Fire Department will respond to medical calls where a EMS unit is requested (code 3), with the exception of transports and calls from other medical facilities (such as
doctor’s offices, nursing homes, etc). If a medical emergency occurs at a nursing home or doctor’s office FD may be called upon to respond.

2. Initial response will be one JFD Company (code 3) and EMS. If that areas company is unavailable, send the next closest unit. All engines, trucks and rescue units are equipped with the same medical equipment.

3. Dispatch is to advise FD of any hazardous or dangerous situations (such as: domestics, stabbings, communicable diseases etc.)

4. Always try to park your apparatus in a manner that will let the incoming ambulance have the closest access to the scene.

First Responder calls to Criminal or Violent behavior/activity

1. To protect the safety of the members of the Jonesboro Fire Department, the following protocol will be followed for First responder calls involving possible criminal or violent behavior/activity.

2. If you arrive on scene of an incident and then learn that it involves criminal or violent behavior/activity, the first priority is the safety of yourself and your fellow firefighters. If you feel threatened, remove yourself and other F.D. personnel from the immediate scene to a safe location and call for P.D. units.

301.13 ELEVATOR EMERGENCIES

Basic operational approach

1. Initial Response will be closest BC, Engine Company and Truck Company code 3.
2. Establish and name command / safety.
3. Determine location of car in hoistway and establish communications with car occupants. Determine how many occupants and if any medical conditions exist. Try to reassure them that you are taking care of the problem.
4. Hoistway and car doors should be checked for proper closure. (Bump test) After this is complete, press the recall button in the hall and car controls.
5. Confirm with occupant(s) that the cars emergency stop has not been activated.
6. Insert key held by building personnel or key from truck company or BC and initiate Phase I on firefighter’s panel. (To recall car to lobby)
7. If no medical emergency exists, stand-by for technician. (If ETA is within reason) Command must look at volume of calls, potential for medical condition, etc... to determine if continuing without tech is necessary.

Occupant Removal

If occupant removal is deemed necessary, a firefighter should be sent to the machine room to locate the main disconnect. Disconnect Mainline and Lockout/Tagout. If elevator is
hydraulic, the hydraulic line should also be shut off. This firefighter should remain at the
door to the machine room throughout the operation. (DO NOT use radios inside machine
rooms) Call for additional resources as needed:

A. Additional company(ies) for equipment or manpower
B. Medic Unit
C. S.O.R.T.

1. The Emergency Stop switch inside the car should be set to the “STOP” position.
2. Open hoistway doors with interlock keys, from truck company or BC vehicle, open car
doors by hand. Chock doors with wedges. ALWAYS CONSIDER PLACING A FIREFIGHTER
OR E.M.S. IN THE CAR TO ASSIST.
3. Remove victims from “above” if the operation floor is within 3’ of the car floor.
4. Help the victims “down” from the car if the operation floor is no more than 3’ below
the car floor. The opening to the hoistway below the car must be protected so no one
falls.
5. For situations where the car position is not within the 3’ limits, the following guidelines
should apply ... contact dispatch to notify S.O.R.T (High Angle Discipline) Chief.

S.O.R.T.

1. The operation floor will be from the floor above the car.
2. Ladders will be set up from the floor above, to the roof of the car and through the roof
Emergency Exit on the car.
3. S.O.R.T. personnel and victims in the hoistways will wear harnesses and lifelines to
prevent falls.
4. Lifelines shall be belayed or pass through a controlled descent device or secured to a
fixed point in the building.
5. The lines will be controlled by S.O.R.T. personnel from the floor above the operations
floor.

ELEVATORS ARE STRUCTURALLY SOUND AND COMPLEX MACHINES THAT HAMPER
EXTRICATION AND INCREASE RISK TO OCCUPANTS AND FIREFIGHTERS. IF POSSIBLE, IT
IS ALWAYS BEST TO WORK WITH ELEVATOR SERVICE TECHNICIANS

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS AND CHECKLIST
1. Electrical hazards – Do not work in or around elevator equipment until the main line
disconnect switch is shut off in the elevator machine room and lockout/tagout
procedures are followed. Even though lockout/tagout is completed, there may be
additional energized circuits in the hoistway.
2. Fall hazards – Open hoistways (shafts) must have protective barricades. ANY FIREFIGHTERS OR OCCUPANTS ENTERING THE HOISTWAY MUST HAVE A LIFE SAFETY HARNESS AND LIFELINE.
3. Moving equipment – Be aware of other elevators in hoistway.
4. When dealing with elevators, you are all in or all out of the hoistways.
5. Tools that may be needed, irons, attic ladder (fall protection), Lockout/tagout.

302.00 COMPANY MOVE UP

The Battalion Chief may move companies up to other stations based on the needs of protection throughout the city because of companies misplaced by training, meetings, actual fire or rescue activities, etc.

303.00 LAYING A LINE

1. A descriptive radio transmission indicating that a 5 inch hose line has been or is needed to be laid off an apparatus from a hydrant for a water source to an apparatus to augment water supplies.
   A. Forward lay: hose from hydrant to fire
   B. Reverse lay: hose from fire to hydrant

304.00 MUTUAL AID

1. Basic operational approach
   A. Dispatched companies will immediately start responding
   B. The Battalion Chief shall make the final decision as to keep the units responding, reduce the response numbers or change the responding equipment. Depending on location of incident one (1) Jonesboro Fire Department Battalion Chief may respond as well.
   C. The Battalion Chief may replace the personnel leaving town with company move ups or overtime if needed.
   D. Upon arrival of the Jonesboro Fire Department equipment and Firefighters, the Company Officer will remain in charge and responsible for his/her crew. All Jonesboro Fire Department Standard Operational Guidelines shall be followed.
   E. Companies not needed or not beneficial to the operations of the incident shall be returned to the city limits.
   F. Upon arrival of the appropriate jurisdiction in authority, the scene will be turned over to them if the Jonesboro Fire Department had arrived first.

305.00 APPARATUS PLACEMENT

1. Basic operational approach
A. Placement of initial arriving companies shall be based on initial size-up, apparatus function, road or weather conditions, consideration for other apparatus that may need to get close for operations, etc.

B. Additional arriving apparatus placement will be determined by company function, type of incident (see all SOG’s in 301), direction from command, etc.

C. Apparatus not intended to be used shall be left in staging in a manner which would allow for rapid deployment to work or for another alarm if needed. A dedicated staging area may be assigned for larger incidents.

D. Be cautious of placing apparatus down one way streets, narrow roadways, alley ways.

E. Power lines, building height, proximity to heat, etc. shall also be taken into account when placing apparatus in service or staging.

F. Caution shall be used when placing apparatus on or near busy streets and intersections. Park the apparatus in a way that it protects the firefighters from oncoming traffic. Call JPD to assist with traffic control.

G. When working on or near roadways, personnel shall wear their safety vests when not wearing their turnout coat.

305.01 DEPARTMENTAL SAFETY STANDARDS

1. Basic operational approach

A. Safety vests will be worn at all times when working on or near roadways when not wearing turnout coats.

B. Battalion Chiefs shall wear assigned command vests at all incidents

C. Wheel chocks shall be used any time the apparatus is parked outside the apparatus bay whether running or not.

D. Seat belts are required at all times while riding in any vehicle owned and operated by the City of Jonesboro and the Fire Department. (see SOG 112.01)

E. At no time shall a vehicle be moved until all riders are seated properly in the seats and firmly belted in. Standing or riding tailboard while the vehicle is in motion is strictly prohibited at any speed.

F. Full protective equipment and clothing, including SCBA shall be donned properly and in use when in a hazardous environment.

G. Spotters shall be used when backing apparatus.

H. A walk around the vehicle shall be done before leaving in a vehicle which has been parked for any length of time.

I. Smoking is prohibited while driving or riding in the apparatus.

J. Talking on cell phones is prohibited while driving an apparatus.

K. All protective equipment including SCBAs shall be thoroughly inspected by the intended user at the beginning of each shift and after every use for flaws or defects.

L. Appropriate equipment; extrication gloves, safety glasses, medical gloves, CPR masks, etc. shall be worn according to the task being performed.
M. It is the responsibility of each member to operate within his/her level of training with the proper equipment for the job. Any failure to use the appropriate protective equipment and clothing ultimately rests on that member.

305.02 APPARATUS ROADWAY OPERATION & SAFETY

1. Basic operational approach

A. When operating at an emergency incident the officer in charge will perform a scene assessment to determine when and how to establish a safety zone for firefighters working on or near a roadway. Use fire apparatus and/or traffic cones to establish a barrier for firefighter safety. When responding to a residence or business where apparatus are parked in the street the nature and location of the incident will dictate the use and placement of cones to be used.

B. When firefighters are operating on or near roadways, they shall wear their safety vest unless actively involved in fire suppression or other type incident (rescue, haz-mat operation). Safety vest shall be donned when they are no longer actively involved in fire suppression or other hazardous incidents.

C. When responding to MVA’s or other type incidents on roadways, the first arriving engine should position in such a way to protect the scene using the apparatus as a shield. Apparatus should be positioned in a blocking position so if it is struck it will protect firefighters and other persons at the incident. Call JPD to assist with traffic control.

D. Apparatus and warning devices shall be placed to take advantage of topography and weather conditions and to protect firefighters from traffic. When acting as a shield, apparatus warning lights shall remain on.

E. All additional responding vehicles, when arriving on the scene, shall position beyond the traffic barrier unless their function requires placement elsewhere.

2. Traffic Cone Use and placement

A. Placement of apparatus and traffic cones shall be placed and utilized giving consideration to visual obstructions such as hills, curves, blind spots or unusual localized weather conditions such as fog, rain, sleet or snow.

B. Traffic cones should be deployed from the apparatus toward oncoming traffic in a taper fashion to increase advance warning. Personnel shall face oncoming traffic at all times when placing and retrieving cones. Traffic cones should be placed a minimum of 15’ intervals upstream of the blocking apparatus with the furthest traffic cone a minimum of 75’ upstream on surface streets where traffic is less than 50 mph. On highways and freeways where traffic exceeds 55 mph then traffic cone spacing should be extended to a minimum 100’ to 150’ from the blocking apparatus.

C. A Company Officer may call for a truck company to block or shield the incident for operating units on the scene. Call JPD to assist with traffic control. Once the accident
scene has been mitigated and safety for the firefighters is not an issue, assist the JPD with reopening the roadway by returning the truck co. to service.

306.00 SCENE SECURITY

1. Basic operational approach

   A. At the onset scene safety can be achieved by using safety cones or even through the placing of the apparatus on the roadways until JPD arrives to assist with scene safety.
   B. All companies shall take necessary precautions to protect hose and equipment while still maintaining access for other responding vehicles.
   C. Scene tape shall be used to keep bystanders out of any unsafe areas at an incident and also used to protect any evidence in the event an investigation is needed.

307.00 PHILOSOPHY OF FIREFIGHTING IN THE JONESBORO FIRE DEPARTMENT

1. Basic operational approach

   A. Number one priority at any incident is the safety of all Jonesboro Firefighters.
   B. Second priority is the life safety of every person affected by the incident.
   C. Third priority is the protection and preservation of structures.
   D. The Jonesboro Fire Department aggressively attacks fires from the interior of the structure when conditions allow.
   E. The Jonesboro Fire Department also fights fires from a defensive position when conditions do not allow for interior tactics based on risk versus outcome. See SOG 307.01 for Rules of Engagement for Structural Firefighting and 307.02 for Risk Assessment Plan.

307.01 RULES OF ENGAGEMENT FOR STRUCTURAL FIREFIGHTING

1. Basic operational approach

   A. A basic level of risk is recognized and accepted, in a measured and controlled manner and in efforts that are routinely employed to save lives and property.
   B. A higher level of risk is acceptable only in situations where there is a realistic potential to save known endangered lives. This elevated level of risk must only be limited to operations that are specifically directed toward rescue and where there is a realistic potential to save the person(s) known to be in danger.
   C. No risk to the safety of firefighters is acceptable in situations where there is no possibility to save lives or property.
   D. Firefighters shall use caution when conducting firefighting operations in abandoned or derelict buildings that are known or have reason to believe they are unoccupied.
307.02  RISK ASSESSMENT PLAN

1.  **Basic operational approach**
   
   A.  It is the responsibility of the Incident Commander to evaluate the level of risk in every situation.
   
   B.  Risk evaluation shall include an assessment of the presence, survivability and potential to rescue occupants.
   
   C.  The responsibility for risk assessment is a continuous process for the entire duration of the incident and shall be continually re-evaluated as the scene progresses to determine if the level of risk has changed and a change in tactics is in order.
   
   D.  A Safety Officer shall be assigned for each incident to help evaluate the risk assessments.

2.  **Considerations for determining risk**
   
   A.  **Building Characteristics**
       
       a.  Construction type, age, and size
       
       b.  Structural condition
       
       c.  Occupancy and contents
   
   B.  **Fire factors**
       
       a.  Location and extent of the fire
       
       b.  Estimated time of involvement
       
       c.  What is the smoke telling us?
   
   C.  **Risk to building occupants**
       
       a.  Known or probable occupants
       
       b.  Occupant survival assessment
   
   D.  **Firefighting capabilities**
       
       a.  Available resources
       
       b.  Operational capabilities and limitations

307.03  INCIDENT COMMAND PROCEDURES

1.  **Basic operational approach**
   
   A.  First arriving apparatus shall give size up, establish and name command and announce intended action.
   
   B.  Command will continue with the first arriving apparatus Company Officer until
transferred to another company or higher ranking Officer.

2. **Responsibilities of Command**

   A. Provide for the safety, accountability and welfare of personnel.
   B. Remove endangered occupants and treat the injured.
   C. Stabilize the incident.
   D. Provide an ongoing loss control effort.
   E. Identify hazardous conditions and/or materials.
   F. Initiate, maintain, and control the communication process.
   G. Identify the overall strategy, develop an incident action plan, and coordinate and assign resources and personnel consistent with the plan.
   H. Assigns Divisions and Branches as necessary.
   I. Request and assign additional resources and returns companies to service and terminates command.

3. **Modes of Command**

   A. Mobile Command: when nothing is showing or when in a fast attack mode.
   B. Stationary Command: when size, complexity, or span of control starts to exceed optimum number of 3-5 personnel.

4. **Transfer of Command**

   A. Arriving ranking Officer shall assume Command when he/she feels the situation will become more stabilized and efficient by doing so.
   B. Command may be transferred once the ranking Officer gets on the scene and has dialoged by radio or face-to-face with Command for pertinent information.
   C. A higher ranking Officer arriving on the scene may act in a support role to Command if he/she feels Command is operating correctly and no transfer of Command is warranted.

**307.04 STAFF PERSONNEL RESPONSIBILITY AT EMERGENCY INCIDENTS**

1. **Basic operational approach**

   A. Upon arrival to an incident scene, all staff personnel shall report to Incident Command for assignment.
   B. Senior ranking staff personnel arriving will assume command or act in an advisory capacity to Command as situation dictates.
   C. Arriving Battalion/Division Chiefs will assume the role of Safety Officer if not assigned by Command to another function.
308.00  FIRE GROUND STRATEGY

1.  **Basic operational approach**

   A.  Fire ground operations will fall into one of two strategies, offensive or defensive, based on standard 307.01 Rules of Engagement and standard 307.02 Risk Assessment Plan.
   
   B.  Considering the level of risk versus the realistic potential outcome the Incident Commander will choose the strategy implemented on the fire ground.
   
   C.  Operational Strategy is constantly monitored and adjusted as the incident progresses.

2.  **Offensive strategy**

   A.  This is an aggressive fire attack inside the structure.
   
   B.  Primary concern is to the life safety and rescue of victims inside the structure while minimizing further fire extension throughout the remainder of the structure.
   
   C.  For a safe and effective interior attack, the primary attack line shall be provided with a minimum of 150 GPM. Also, the backup line shall be provided with a minimum of 150 GPM to protect the egress of the attack team.

3.  **Defensive strategy**

   A.  This is fire containment from the outside of the structure.
   
   B.  Primary concern is to the life safety and rescue of victims in close proximity and to fire spread into nearby exposures.

309.00  PERSONNEL ACCOUNTIBILITY SYSTEM

1.  **Basic operational approach**

The **Personnel Accountability Report** ("PAR") involves a roll call of personnel assigned.

   A.  For the Company Officer, a "PAR" is a confirmation that members assigned to a crew are visually accounted for.
   
   B.  For the Incident Commander, a "PAR" is an accounting for all crew members of all companies assigned to the incident.

In addition to accounting for all members operating in a hazardous area, a PAR report should also include the current location and operations being performed at the time of the report. Example: "Engine 7 to command, I have a PAR (all members accounted for) on the 2\textsuperscript{nd} floor conducting a secondary search.

Reports of a PAR should be conducted face-to-face within the company or within the sector whenever possible.
The person leading each crew must know who they have with them, not just the number of people. If you cannot account for your crew a NEGATIVE PAR must be called immediately and followed by announcing the name, assignment, and last known location of the missing firefighter.

If you have more people with you than you originally had, you now have a situation of a PAR plus 1 @ (Your Location). At this time identify who the plus 1 member is and announce the name of this person and their original assignment so a NEGATIVE PAR can more quickly be accounted for.

A Personnel Accountability Report (PAR) should be required for the following situations:

A. Any report of a missing or trapped firefighter (Command initiates a PAR of all crews on the scene).
B. Any change from offensive to defensive (Command initiates a PAR of all crews on the scene).
C. Any sudden hazardous event at the incident - flash over, back draft, collapse, etc., (a PAR is initiated by Command).
D. Dispatch will request a “status check” from the IC/Safety Officer approximately every 15 minutes. (This does not relieve the IC/Safety Officer of the responsibility of tracking their times.)
E. At any other time the Incident Commander deems it necessary.

Routine PAR:
At all structure fires, all officers shall automatically account for all of his or her crew members and give command a PAR upon exiting the structure with his or her crew. This can be done over the radio or face to face with command. A PAR shall be given in this manner until the fire is under control, overhaul is commencing and SCBAs are no longer required inside the structure.

310.00 RAPID INTERVENTION TEAM (RIT)

1. Basic operational approach
   A. RIT shall be established for the sole purpose of firefighter survival and rescue.
   B. Members shall be assigned to RIT as per incident.
   C. RIT members shall be in full turnouts along with SCBA while in that function.
   D. RIT members shall maintain themselves in a readiness state for rapid deployment in the event of a troubled firefighter. Members may be active in some outside fire ground activities while still maintaining their readiness.
   D. RIT does not man the backup hose line!
Pre Incident Assignments

1. The second due Truck Company shall be the designated RIT, unless the IC reassigns them.
2. Upon arrival, the truck company brings RIT equipment to the fireground.
3. The RIT’s job will be to make the building “safe”.
   A. RIT should do a 360° size up of the structure.
   B. Locked doors should be forced/ bars removed from windows.
   C. Secondary means of egress established for multi story or roof operations.
   D. Ensure that exit paths are well lit.
   E. Help with safety and accountability and report concerns to IC when needed.

RIT needs to take a proactive role in our fireground operations instead of trying to react when something happens. By accomplishing the tasks mentioned above, RIT will be one step ahead of the game if they are needed. These tasks will give RIT an advantage if they are activated because they will know where the exits are located.

RIT Equipment:  (RIT EQUIPMENT SHALL COME FROM COMPANY ASSIGNED TO RIT)

1. RIT pack
2. Medical bag
3. Irons/ Pike pole
4. Chain saw and /or rotary saw
5. T.I.C.
6. Additional tools or equipment may be needed depending on incident

311.00 SAFETY OFFICER

Basic operational approach

It will be the standard practice for the Jonesboro Fire Department (JFD) to implement a “Safety Officer” at any incident.

This procedure in no way diminishes the responsibility of each and every member of the JFD to commit to safe work behaviors and to operate within standard operating guidelines at all times. Company Officers carry additional responsibility of ensuring that all members of their crew are operating in a safe manner.

Command will be established by the first arriving member or company and the first arriving Battalion Chief will assume command if so deemed. Incident Command System will be implemented at all incidents. The Incident Commander shall perform the function of Safety Officer until someone is appointed.
Command will be responsible for the early establishment of a Safety Officer at any incident requiring it by utilizing the 2nd arriving Battalion Chief. If 2nd Battalion is unavailable to respond, then Command will designate a company officer to assume the role of Safety Officer.

THE SAFETY OFFICER REPORTS DIRECTLY TO COMMAND AND HAS FULL AUTHORITY TO TERMINATE, SUSPEND OR ALTER ANY UNSAFE CONDITION OR ACTION.

Safety Officer Responsibilities

1. Insure crews and personnel are operating safely and consistently within existing SOG’s.
2. Cause the termination, suspension or alteration of any unsafe operations or actions.
   Operate as the safety eyes and ears of Command.
3. Observe areas of the incident and identify any structural or hazardous conditions that could create a risk to firefighters or other personnel working at the incident and initiate corrective action.
4. Insure that all personnel are wearing proper PPE.
5. Monitor the health and welfare of all personnel and insure that they are not over-extended and are rehabilitated in an effective manner. Rehab Sector should be a component of the safety plan.
6. Provide Command frequent progress reports on the safety related issues.
7. Establish and maintain an emergency scene “Landing Zone” at the scene if possible, or appoint another designated Safety Officer for an alternate location. (Use alternate predetermined list when appropriate)

312.00 EMERGENCY EVACUATION

1. Basic operational approach:
   A. To notify firefighters of deteriorating conditions at an incident of undue risk of injury or death.
   B. A radio transmission by Command or Safety relaying the unsafe condition and what actions need to be taken, such as; leave structure, leave fire floor, etc.
   C. Upon notification that evacuation is needed, the operator(s) of engine or truck companies will sound their air horns in three (3) short blast until evacuation is complete.
   D. Upon evacuation of firefighters a PAR will be conducted.

313.00 RADIO PROCEDURES FOR FIRE GROUND EMERGENCIES

1. Basic operational approach:
   A. Radio traffic will be directed from Command to Division Chiefs or Company Officers.
   B. Radio traffic from firefighters will be directed to the Company Officer over them.
C. A mayday transmission is used only in life threatening situations and all other traffic shall stop and let the mayday through.
D. An urgent transmission is used when needing to get through radio traffic for an emergency situation. All other traffic shall suspend to let the urgent message through.

313.01 “MAYDAY” PROCEDURES

The MAYDAY SOG is designed to prepare all personnel for any sudden life threatening occurrence that may injure, trap, disorient or distress any firefighter during an emergency incident. MAYDAY will be the radio signal used for any distressed firefighter needing assistance for any reason. No other term shall be substituted. The following guidelines shall be used when declaring a MAYDAY.

A. Declaring a MAYDAY

When a firefighter identifies that they, or a member of their team, is lost, trapped, missing, disoriented, or injured and in need of immediate assistance, they shall (if possible) transmit a verbal message on the fire ground channel to Command and state, “MAYDAY, MAYDAY, MAYDAY”. The person transmitting the MAYDAY shall, if possible, advise the following:

1. Their apparatus assignment, rank and their last name.
2. Their last known location: floor, room, side of building and number of personnel involved.
3. Location should be given: ALPHA, BRAVO, CHARLIE, DELTA.
   
   ALPHA = Front or address of building continuing clockwise around the structure. BRAVO left side; CHARLIE rear; DELTA right side
4. Problem; trapped, lost, entangled, out of air.
5. Their needs: hose line, air cylinders, rescue tools, etc.

If a firefighter is unable to communicate verbally, he should activate the PASS alarm on SCBA.

B. Commands Response to MAYDAY

1. Upon receipt of the MAYDAY, command shall acknowledge the MAYDAY and verify the information from the firefighter in distress.
2. IC shall activate RIT and establish another RIT to standby and possibly assist the original RIT if needed.
3. IC shall advise all personnel on scene to cease ALL non-emergency radio traffic.
4. IC shall alert Dispatch of MAYDAY on the fire ground and request the alert 2 tones and announcement of the MAYDAY to all personnel on scene. IC will also request
that fire suppression activities be moved to another fire ground and that MAYDAY traffic stays on the original fire ground channel.

5. IC shall assume or appoint a “MAYDAY COMMAND” to manage the MAYDAY.
6. IC shall call for a second alarm including all staff personnel, 1 truck co. and 1 engine.
7. IC shall call a PAR to account for ALL individuals.
8. IC should **not** abandon suppression unless conditions do not allow for the continuation of suppression activities.
9. IC should notify all personnel involved when the MAYDAY has been resolved.

C. Firefighters Responsibilities

1. Firefighters should not hesitate to declare a MAYDAY if they become lost, trapped, disoriented and or need of assistance. Or if they witness such.
2. Firefighters should try to provide accurate information about location and details of the MAYDAY situation.
3. Firefighters must attempt to get out of the building by whatever means possible.
4. Firefighters must activate their PASS device and utilize any resource present to assist in identifying their location.

314.0 POST STRUCTURE FIRE AIR MONITORING FOR PPE DETERMINATION

1. Monitoring shall be performed before personnel will be allowed to perform overhaul without SCBA.
2. Recommended exposure limits:
   - Carbon Monoxide  35 PPM
   - Hydrogen Cyanide  4.7 PPM
3. Monitoring equipment and location:
   - Scott Mini SA CO monitors located in the Battalion Chief’s vehicle.
   - ToxiRAE II HCN monitors located in the Battalion Chief’s vehicle or on a truck company.
4. The IC shall assign a Company to perform monitoring.
5. Monitor any area where personnel will be performing salvage/overhaul or other activities.
6. After initial check, repeat every 10 - 15 minutes.
7. Beware of using PPV during overhaul due to the possibility of increased CO levels caused by the PPV.
8. Ventilate the structure with natural ventilation.
9. Last but not least... **IF THE MONITOR ALARMS... SCBA IS REQUIRED.**
400.00 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

1. Basic operational approach
   
   A. A specialized Hazardous Material Team directed by the HAZMAT Commanding Officer shall be responsible for the mitigation of any and all hazardous material incidents within the city limits and without when asked to respond as mutual aid.
   
   B. Primary operational goal of the HAZMAT Team is isolation, containment, and stabilization of the incident.
   
   C. Primary operational goal of first arriving regular Engine or Truck Company is to identify, notify, evacuate, and isolate area.
   
   D. Only personnel properly equipped, trained, and on the HAZMAT Team roster shall participate in any HOT ZONE activity.
   
   E. Members of the HAZMAT Team shall maintain proper training, attend drills, and meet any other requirements to stay as an active HAZMAT Team member.

400.01 NOTIFICATION AND RESPONSE

1. Basic operational approach
   
   A. Notification occurs when the first arriving company determines the incident as a HAZMAT scene or when asked for through a mutual aid agreement outside the city limits.
   
   B. Members of the HAZMAT Team shall be notified and assembled where directed and commence operations after the HAZMAT Commanding Officer arrives and has been briefed.
   
   C. Off-duty personnel shall immediately respond while obeying all traffic laws.

400.02 COMMAND POST OPERATIONS

1. Basic operational approach
   
   A. A command Post shall be established at all HAZMAT incidents.
   
   B. The Commanding Officer of the HAZMAT Team shall be designated as Operations Chief or Incident Commander of the entire scene.
   
   C. Command Post location shall be at the discretion of the HAZMAT Chief Officer taking into account wind direction, terrain, run-off, etc.
   
   D. All functions will be established through Command in accordance with the Code of Federal Regulations.
400.03 INCIDENT OPERATIONS

1. **Basic operational approach**

   A. The Incident Commander shall insure that the situation is continually monitored to detect any change in spill, run-off, vapor cloud, etc.
   B. The Incident Commander shall be responsible for notifying all agencies required of the incident.
   C. The Incident Commander shall establish the 3 operational zones.
      a. Hot Zone (Red) – area immediately surrounding the Hazard
      b. Warm Zone (Yellow) – area surrounding the hot zone
      c. Cold Zone (Green) – safe area
   D. Only HAZMAT Team members of a TECH level are permitted to operate in the hot zone.

400.04 SITE ENTRY

1. **Basic operational approach**

   A. Level of protective clothing shall be determined by Incident Command as appropriate for incident.
   B. Entry into hot zone shall be made with a minimum of two (2) HAZMAT Tech Team members with two (2) backup personnel ready in wait in the same level of protection (also Tech level)
   C. Entry into hot zone will not commence until the Decon area is set up and waiting.
   D. A person shall be assigned the task of keeping track of the entry team’s progress and time in the hot zone.

2. **Medical Evaluations**

   A. Vital signs shall be taken and recorded prior to entry and after exit from hot zone.
   B. EMS shall be on the scene and ready to deploy if needed for the HAZMAT Team members.

400.05 SAFETY

1. **Basic operational approach**

   A. Safety priorities in order:
      a. Personnel Safety
      b. Civilian Safety
      c. Environmental Protection
B. Insure proper material identification and establish Hot Zones and protective clothing properly
C. Restrict entry into area
D. Constantly be on the alert for symptoms of chemical poisoning, wind and weather changes, etc.
E. Safety and medical briefings shall be conducted by the Incident Commander at all HAZMAT incidents.

400.06 DECONTAMINATION

1. Basic operational approach

A. The level of decontamination will vary considerably at each incident and can change throughout the incident. Decontamination procedures and materials shall be based on the hazardous materials involved in the incident.
B. Decontamination area shall be set up in place and ready before anyone is allowed to enter the hot zone.

2. Decontamination Steps

A. Gross DECON
B. Secondary DECON
C. Definitive DECON

3. Contamination and decontamination zones

A. Incident Command shall establish a contamination zone as well as a safe zone with the boundaries marked.
B. Incident Command shall assign a DECON Chief for the decontamination area.
C. Levels of protection required for the DECON team will reflect the type of hazardous materials being dealt with at the incident.

400.07 MASS DECONTAMINATION

1. Basic operational approach

A. Mass decon shall be used when dealing with a large number of contaminated patients
B. Mass decontamination may at times be done with either large elevated streams or smaller 1 ¾ hand lines (etc.) depending on the situation and resources available to the Incident Commander.
APPENDIX D – HAZARDOUS MATERIALS
D-1 Pre-entry Medical Evaluation Form
D-2 Hazardous Materials Site Health & Safety Plan
D-3 Initial HAZMAT Incident Checklist
D-4 Initial HAZMAT Incident Checklist Level-2

401.00 VEHICLE RESCUE

1. Basic operational approach

   A. Assess scene – survey area for dangers and other hazards to victims and rescuers
   B. Vehicle stabilization – stabilize with cribbing, air bags, step chocks, etc.
   C. Glass removal – when necessary remove whole glass
   D. Gaining entrance – gain access with jaws-of-life, cutters, rams, etc.

402.00 RESCUE OF LOST OR TRAPPED FIREFIGHTER

1. Basic operational approach

   A. Immediately after a collapse a PAR shall be taken by IC to account for all firefighters
   B. A missing firefighter shall be assumed to be missing or trapped inside the structure or hot zone until otherwise determined not to be in the hot zone.
   C. Strategy shall be changed on the fire ground to a rescue mode.
   D. Additional alarms shall be immediately called.
   E. A Rapid Intervention Team (RIT) shall immediately be deployed
   F. Do not abandon firefighting positions which would shield or protect a trapped or missing firefighter from the effects of the hazard.
   G. Command must assure that dispatch monitors all radio channels.
   H. EMS personnel must be called to position.
   I. A Safety Officer shall be assigned if not already in place.
   J. Command shall have all staff officers called back for resources.
   K. All outside doors shall be forced open as well as windows.
   L. Continue to ventilate building.
   M. A PIO Officer shall be assigned to deal with the media.
   N. The Fire Chaplain shall be called.

403.00 CONFINED SPACE RESCUE

1. Basic operational approach

   A. A specialized SORT Team directed by the SORT Commanding Officer shall be responsible for the mitigation of any and all confined space rescue incidents within the city limits
and without when asked to respond as mutual aid.
B. Primary operational goal of the Sort Team is rescue and stabilization of the incident.
C. Primary operational goal of first arriving regular Engine or Truck Company is to identify, notify, and isolate area.
D. Only personnel properly equipped, trained, and on the SORT Team roster shall participate in any confined space rescue activity.
E. Members of the SORT Team shall maintain proper training, attend drills, and meet any other requirements to stay as an active SORT Team member.
F. SORT Team Commander or representative shall assume Incident Command functions.

2. **Sort Team Commanding Officer**
   
   A. The Sort Team Commanding Officer shall take total responsibility for the incidents mitigation.
   
   B. Command shall develop the strategy and tactics taking into consideration such items as ventilating the space, making the rescue area safe, by-standers, media, lighting, etc.
   
   C. EMS shall be notified and on scene in position.

### 404.00 TRENCH RESCUE OPERATIONS

1. **Basic operational approach**
   
   A. A specialized SORT Team directed by the SORT Commanding Officer shall be responsible for the mitigation of any and all trench rescue incidents within the city limits and without when asked to respond as mutual aid.
   
   B. Primary operational goal of the Sort Team is rescue and stabilization of the incident.
   
   C. Primary operational goal of first arriving Engine or Truck Company is to identify, and isolate area.
   
   D. Only personnel properly equipped, trained, and on the SORT Team roster shall participate in any trench rescue activity.
   
   E. Members of the SORT Team shall maintain proper training, attend drills, and meet any other requirements to stay as an active SORT Team member.
   
   F. SORT Team Commander or representative shall assume Incident Command functions.

2. **Sort Team Commanding Officer**
   
   A. The Sort Team Commander shall take total responsibility for the incidents mitigation.
   
   B. Command shall develop the strategy and tactics taking into consideration such items as ventilating the space, making the rescue area safe, by-standers, media, lighting, etc.
   
   C. EMS shall be notified and on scene in position.
405.00 ROPE RESCUE

1. Basic operational approach

A. A specialized SORT Team directed by the SORT Commanding Officer shall be responsible for the mitigation of any and all rope rescue incidences within the city limits and without when asked to respond as mutual aid.
B. Primary operational goal of the Sort Team is rescue and stabilization of the incident.
C. Primary operational goal of first arriving regular Engine or Truck Company is to identify, notify, and isolate area.
D. Only personnel properly equipped, trained, and on the SORT Team roster shall participate in any rope rescue activity.
E. Members of the SORT Team shall maintain proper training, attend drills, and meet any other requirements to stay as an active SORT Team member.
F. SORT Team Commander or representative shall assume Incident Command functions.

2. Sort Team Commanding Officer

A. The Sort Team Commanding Officer shall take total responsibility for the incidents mitigation.
B. Command shall develop the strategy and tactics taking into consideration such items as ventilating the space, making the rescue area safe, by-standers, news media, lighting, etc.
C. EMS shall be notified and on scene in position.
406.00 AIRPORT OPERATIONS

1. Basic operational approach
   A. Protective clothing will be the same as for all structural fires; full turnouts with complete SCBA.
   B. Incident Command shall coordinate all activities on airport property with the airport crash vehicle.
   C. Communications will be coordinated through our normal radios and the airport radios.
      a. 123.60 this is the normal frequency and shall be the frequency of choice.
      b. 121.50 for emergency use only and shall only be used when requested by the FAA or flight service.
      c. 123.00 This is the UNICOM frequency answered by Arkansas aircraft.

406.01 Levels of emergency

1. Alert 1; aircraft standby, unconfirmed emergency.
2. Alert 2; confirmed aircraft emergency which may result in crash
3. Alert 3; aircraft down on or off airport property

406.02 Airport apparatus response

1. Basic operational approach
   A. All responding apparatus will be staged by the Incident Commander in a position to take best advantage of the apparatus in the event called into service.
   B. First arriving Company shall assume Command, investigate scene, make contact with Airport Fire Crash Vehicle, and attempt to make contact with airplane or FAA on 123.60.
   C. Information to obtain includes, but not necessarily limited too; type of aircraft, desired runway, nature of emergency, number of souls onboard, fuel load, time of arrival, etc.
   D. Staging may occur on the runway apron or in the parking lot.
   E. Access to the runway area shall be through gate “A” at the Airport Fire Station building #11. Gate “D” between buildings #1 and #2 shall be an alternate.
   F. Staging, rescue and fire attack shall be coordinated through Command with the airport crash vehicle.
   G. Remain at staging until aircraft has come to a stop and directed for deployment by the Incident Commander.
APPENDIX

SECTION 500
APPENDIX A-1

Class “A” Uniform – Dress Code
Class “B” Uniform Dress Code
APPENDIX A-2

APPROVED BUT NOT PROVIDED-Items that may be purchased individually and worn while on duty at the Jonesboro Fire Department. These items fall under the applicable dress code standards previously adopted by the department and are set forth in the Jonesboro Fire Department SOG’s.

Caps- must be dark blue and depict ONLY the approved Jonesboro Fire Department logo on the front. This item shall be worn only if it is kept in good condition. No rips, tears, or discoloration should be present on any portion of the cap.

Toboggans or skull caps- must be dark blue and depict ONLY the approved Jonesboro Fire Department logo on the front. This item shall be worn only if it is kept in good condition. No rips, tears, or discoloration should be present on any portion of the item.

Long sleeved t-shirts- these items must be, in all other aspects, identical to the departmentally issued short-sleeved t-shirts. No rips, tears, or discoloration should be present on any portion of the item.

Long sleeved polo shirts- these items must be, in all other respects, identical to the departmentally issued polo shirts. No rips, tears, or discoloration should be present on any portion of the item.

¼ zip fleece pullover jackets- jackets must be dark blue and depict the embroidered department logo on the left side of the chest. No other markings, patches, or adornment will be permitted. Jackets must be kept in good condition. No rips, tears, discoloration, or stains should be present on any portion of this item.

The above listed items are the ONLY approved items that are allowed.
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<th>Date Issued:</th>
<th>Due Date:</th>
<th>Date Returned:</th>
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</table>
APPENDIX B-2

OPERATION OF VEHICLES ON APPROACH OF AUTHORIZED EMERGENCY VEHICLES (ARK Code 27-51-901, 27-51-902 & 27-51-903)


(a) Upon the immediate approach of an authorized emergency vehicle, when the driver is giving audible signal by siren, exhaust whistle, or bell, the driver of every other vehicle shall yield the right-of-way and shall immediately drive to a position parallel to, and as close as possible to, the right-hand edge or curb of the highway clear of any intersection and shall stop and remain in such position until the authorized emergency vehicle has passed, except when otherwise directed by a police officer.

(b) Upon the approach of an authorized emergency vehicle, as stated in subsection (a) of this section, the motorman of every streetcar shall immediately stop the car clear of any intersection and keep it in that position until the authorized emergency vehicle has passed, except when otherwise directed by a police officer.

(c) This section shall not operate to relieve the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle from the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons using the highway.


27-51-902. Following fire apparatus.

The driver of any vehicle other than one on official business shall not follow any fire apparatus traveling in response to a fire alarm closer than five hundred feet (500') or drive into or park the vehicle within the block where fire apparatus has stopped in answer to a fire alarm.


27-51-903. Crossing unprotected fire hose shall be prohibited.

No streetcar or vehicle shall be driven over any unprotected hose of a fire department when laid down on any street, private driveway, or streetcar track, to be used at any fire alarm of fire, without the consent of the fire department official in command.

Jonesboro Fire Department
Application for Training

Name of Applicant ___________________________________________

Home Address ______________________________________________

City ______________________ State ______________ Zip __________
Current Rank ______________________ Years with Dept. __________
Home Phone ______________________

Name of Course Requested __________________________________

Date _______________________________

Location ___________________________

Enter Courses that are Pre-requisites of the

Above:___________________________________________

_________________________________________________

Time in class while off-duty will be handled with:

Comp Time _____    Overtime _____    Time off _____

If the class is voluntary and on the employee’s time, this form is not required for the department. The employees training is not the responsibility of the City of Jonesboro if the training is not pre-approved. No training will be approved for compensation unless this form is complete.

Training Officer__________________________________________

Shift Commander ___________________________________________

Employee ___________________________________________ Date _____

96
## Jonesboro Fire Department Funeral Service Practices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Practice</th>
<th>LODD: Line of Duty Death</th>
<th>Active/Inactive: Non-Line of Duty Death of an Active/Inactive Member</th>
<th>Affiliated Personnel: Friend of the Fire Department, Other Dignitaries, Immediate Family of Active Member</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Class I</td>
<td>Class II</td>
<td>Class III</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnout Gear Posted</td>
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<tr>
<td>Outside Station</td>
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<tr>
<td>Badge Shrouds</td>
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</tr>
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</tr>
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<td>Bell Ceremony</td>
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<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Procession</td>
<td>Fire Engine Caisson</td>
<td>Hearse</td>
<td>Hearse</td>
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<td>Crossed Ladders Arch</td>
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<td>Fire Radio “Last Alarm”</td>
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<td>Procession passes by</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Engine</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Any and all actions are only appropriate with the consent of the deceased's family
Definitions

**Line of Duty**: A death that is the result of a traumatic injury or illness directly sustained while performing department duties.

**Non-Duty Related Death**: Death that results from injury or illness that is not directly related in the performance of their duties.

**Active Member**: A full-time member of the JFD serving in an active capacity.

**Inactive Member**: A retired member of the JFD.

**Affiliate Member**: An individual that has served in some other capacity with the JFD. (i.e.: Commissioner, Elected Official & Other Dignitaries, “Friend of the Fire Department”, and Immediate Family of Active Member)

**Fire Engine Caisson**: Fire Department Apparatus used to carry the casket for line of duty related deaths.

**Honor Detail at Casket Vigil**: One or Two Uniformed Fire Service Members standing guard at the casket during the visitation.

**Color Guard - Honor Guard**: A formal - trained unit of fire service staff that carry ceremonial flags and other ceremonial equipment, which participate in marching and other formalized drill procedures.

**Badge Shroud**: Black band, horizontally covering the uniform badge. Also known as a “mourning band”.

**Funeral Bunting**: 

**Station**: Mourning drapes that are placed on the outside of the fire station.

**Vehicle**: Mourning drapes that are used to adorn the Fire Apparatus participating in the caisson.

**Firefighters Visitation Walk Through**: A predetermined time during the visitation when uniformed members and dignitaries enter for a unified tribute.

**Bell Ceremony**: Portable Fire Service Bell that is tolled at the conclusion of the bell ceremony reading.

**Last Alarm**: Dispatch tones out the agency and reads last alarm information, (may include demographic and career information).
APPENDIX B-7

Jonesboro Fire Department
PIO Media Worksheet

Spokesperson______________________________ Date________________

Type of Incident______________________________________________________________

Location __________________________________________________________________

Total number of units involved:

Engines____ Ladders_____ Rescue ______ Squads ______ EMS______

Chief Officer’s ________ Other________

Total number of Firefighters ________ Mutual-Aid Department ________________

Time of Alarm ___________ Time on Scene ___________ Fire Under Control ___________

Cause of Fire: (*)_____________________________________________________________

*If the incident is under investigation. Once the investigation is complete details will be available.

Total number of Injuries: _________ Civilian _____________ Fire Personnel __________

Transported to: __________________________________________________________________

Types of apparent Injuries: _______________________________________________________

Severity (circle): Severe Moderate Minor

Total number of fatalities; _________ Civilian _____________ Fire Personnel __________

Brief synopsis of first arriving unit(s) – What was encountered and what action was taken.

________________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________________

Special Hazards: ________________________________________________________________

Special Accomplishments – rescues, salvage work, etc. ________________________________

Dollar Loss (estimate) ________________ If unknown, (circle one) Heavy, Moderate, Minor
APPENDIX – B-8

Physical Fitness Evaluation General Guidelines

The Physical Fitness Evaluation will be conducted in three parts. All parts will be conducted at the same location. The member will be allowed a stretch/warm up period before beginning.

The member will complete the exercises based on the requirements of their age category. The member’s category will be based on their age in the month that the evaluation is performed.

If a member fails to complete any one part of the evaluation they will be allowed another attempt, but will have to perform all 3 parts from the beginning.

Part 1 Push-Ups

- The member will be required to complete the minimum number of push-ups for their category in the one minute time limit.
- There will be a maximum of 5 minutes rest period between each exercise.
- See attachments for proper form/technique of this exercise.

Part 2 Sit-Ups

- The member will be required to complete the minimum number of sit-ups for their category in the one minute time limit.
- There will be a maximum of 5 minutes rest period between each exercise.
- See attachments for proper form/technique of this exercise.

Part 3 Run/Walk

- Members may perform the run/walk section of the evaluation on a treadmill or at an outside track/course approved by the department’s administration.
- Members must indicate which activity (run or walk) they wish to complete prior to beginning.
- If a member chooses to walk they will not be allowed to run at anytime. Any attempt at running will result in automatic failure of the exercise.
- Members who use the treadmill will not be allowed to use the handles except to regain ones balance in order to prevent a fall/injury.
- Extended or frequent use of the handles will result in automatic failure of the exercise.
## Jonesboro Fire Department
### Physical Fitness Evaluation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>AGE</th>
<th>Push-Ups</th>
<th>Sit-Ups</th>
<th>Run</th>
<th>Walk</th>
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<tr>
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<td>62+</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>22:00</td>
<td>26:00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Push-up & Sit-ups must be completed in a one minute time limit.

- **Push-Ups**: Pass / Fail
- **Sit-Ups**: Pass / Fail
- **Run/Walk**: Pass / Fail

**Comments:**

________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________

**Employee:** ___________________________  **Date:** __________

**Evaluator:** ___________________________  **Date:** __________
### PHYSICAL FITNESS STANDARDS

#### 1.5 RUN OR WALK

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<tr>
<td>55-61</td>
<td>21:00</td>
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<tr>
<td>62-over</td>
<td>22:00</td>
<td>26:00</td>
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</table>

- Members that do decide to walk WILL NOT be allowed to run at anytime during test.

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#### PUSH – UPS (1 minute)

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#### SIT-UPS (1 minute)

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